

To the Voters of Crawford County:

Grayling, Mich., Aug. 17, 1914.

Honorable Gilbert A. Currie of Midland, Michigan, is a candidate to represent the Tenth Congressional District at Washington, D. C.

Mr. Currie is the present Speaker of the House in the Michigan Legislature, and in that official capacity has made an enviable record. He has served the State well, is a young man and fully qualified to represent this District at Washington.

Personally I feel that Crawford county is under obligations to Mr. Currie to a very large extent, for the reason that, were it not for his individual efforts, the permanent Camp of the Michigan National Guard would not now be located at Portage Lake on the land donated to the State for that purpose by Mr. R. Hanson of this city.

Our Bill was "purposely" lost at a time when it was to have been reported out, and Mr. Currie left the Speaker's chair, secured a copy of same and placed it on special order of business for that same afternoon, when it was passed by the House by almost a unanimous VOTE. This action on the part of Mr. Currie saved the day for Grayling and really meant the landing of the permanent Military Camp for Grayling, which means much to this Northern country in advertising alone. We can in a measure repay Mr. Currie for his able efforts in our behalf by giving him a large Vote at the Primaries on August 25th, and at the same time we can help to send a young man to Washington, who has the education and ability to ably represent this District at the Nation's capitol.

Let us all get out and boost for Mr. Currie on August 25th, and at the same time show him by our VOTE that CLEAN POLITICS receives its just reward.

Respectfully,

T. W. HANSON,

Adv.

Chairman Republican County Committee.

## The Butcher Boy Says:

"OUR MEATS are  
Appetite Builders...."

the more you eat the more you want.

Don't let your stomach get beyond control. Keep it in check. You will live longer. The only way to do this is to eat wholesome meats—our appetite builders.

Build up your appetite—likewise your system, and your lease of life. Try our "builders."

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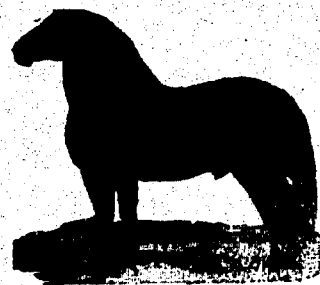
**Milk's Market**

F. H. Milks

## LIVERY & SALES STABLES

Prompt livery service ready at any time. Also heavy work.

Farms and farm lands and village property for sale.



**N. P. OLSON** Grayling  
Langevin's Old Stand.

## Do Not Try to Split Your Ticket at the Primary

To Do So Will Invalidate Your Ballot  
Vote Only For Candidates in One  
Party Column

In all cases put a Cross in the Circle at the Head of Your Party Ticket. Then put a Cross in the Square in front of the names of such candidates as you wish to vote for in that column only.

Remember That You Must Put a  
Cross Before the Name of Every  
Man You Wish to Vote For.

## WILL SHELL HUTS AT GRAYLING CAMP

HORSEMEN NARROWLY MISS  
HEARING BULLETS ZIP

Strangers Inspect Targets While  
Marksmen Furnish Better Accommodations Next Year

A spectacular feature of the third period of the encampment at Camp Ferris will be firing by Batteries A and B of Lansing, with "live" shells. Major R. C. Vandercook, who commands the artillery, has ridden over the reservation and has picked out several tentative ranges. There are a number of empty and half-ruined cabins about that General Kirk will permit to be used as targets. They will be riddled with shrapnel from distances varying from a mile to three miles.

Major Vandercook will invite the First Infantry and all other organizations in camp to witness the firing from a point near the targets, properly sheltered.

The small arms firing problem is attended with some danger. The other day, when one of the companies had taken up its position, the range had been announced, and the captain was on the point of giving the command, "Commence firing," two horsemen walked their horses squarely in front of the targets and looked them over at leisure. A mounted orderly was sent to ascertain their identity, but they rode away before he reached them. Workmen employed on a well beyond the hill where the targets sit have also reported that they heard bullets singing overhead.

THIRD DOING WELL  
The Third Infantry finished its firing Saturday afternoon. It has maintained a better average than the Second, which did very well, with the exception of two companies.

The encampment next year will be one of the largest encampments in the United States, is the opinion of the military officers here. Grayling has one of the best sites for an encampment that can be found. The ground, which is rolling, is splendid for drill and target practice. Next year's plans are already under way to have all the companies in the state here at one time and also a large number of regulars. It is expected that there will be 3,000 in camp.

Facilities for visitors at Portage Lake will also be better next year than they now are. One of three plans to provide accommodations will be adopted: A clubhouse will be built by officers and soldiers, by subscription, in conjunction with some help by the state on the reservation; or a clubhouse that will be built by resorters on the public square fronting the lake, just below the reservation and in the heart of the resort proper, or a modern hotel, with hot and cold water, electric lights and other conveniences, will be built by Grayling capital. The tentative location of the structure, it will be on the site of the store now conducted by Mrs. Collier near the railroad.

BETTER BETTER ACCOMMODATIONS.  
Some place where rooms and meals may be had is badly needed. A number of officers brought their families here, and found that they had either

Continued on last page.

## FOR CONGRESS: HON. G. A. CURRIE DESERVES TO WIN

Remarkable Record of This  
Young Statesman Commands  
Respect and Recognition of  
Every Citizen of Tenth District.

GRANT SLOCUM ENDORSES  
CURRIE

Millions are expended annually by the federal government for rivers and harbors. Why not assist townships and counties in building roads?

They are growing this year on the Currie farm a large acreage of beets. Why not trust the producer to secure proper legislation to encourage the industry?

Farmers! Send a man to Washington who will try to secure for you the co-operation of the federal government in establishing a system of agricultural credits.

"Of unimpeachable integrity, an honest representative of the common people, a parliamentarian of marked ability, free from subservience to any special interest, and already possessed of a legislative record that challenges the admiration and commendation of every thoughtful citizen, Gilbert A. Currie, of Midland, is just the man needed in Congress to represent the Tenth District," says the Marion Dispatch.

Could an endorsement be better than the foregoing? The thought therein expressed is the positive opinion of everyone who has followed the career of this young statesman.

Currie believes absolutely in the average every day citizen, and his sympathy is with this class because he is of it. Born on a farm in Midland township, in 1882, Currie at the age of twenty-three was chosen to represent the farmers, among whom he was born. On the board of supervisors, he fought every corrupt practice that had crept into the affairs of his home county and fearlessly opposed all kinds of machine tactics, corruption and graft. After three years as supervisor, Mr. Currie was elected to the Legislature. Three times he has been returned to the legislature by the people of his home county and he is the present speaker of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Currie was identified with the passage of every genuine Progressive measure brought before the House. He aided the passage of a bill taxing telegraph, telephone and express companies upon the same basis as other properties, and the state last year collected over \$300,000.00 extra from these sources. Introduced and secured the passage of better Railroad Commission Bill, better protecting the interests of shippers and producers. Introduced and secured passage of bill decreasing express rates. Introduced and secured passage of the bill providing for payment by banks of interest on county funds, which resulted in the payment of hundreds of dollars into the treasury of every county in the state.

The worst element in politics in his home county has always fought Currie and now the machine politicians of the Tenth District are opposing him. Why? Because the political ringsters will have no influence with Currie at Washington, and they know it. Currie will go to the National Capital as he did to the State Capital, as your representative.

Hon. Grant Slocum Endorses Currie.  
"From my own personal experience in connection with legislation in this state, I believe that Mr. Currie has done as much, or more, than any other man toward the enactment of the beneficial laws which have been passed during his service in the Legislature, and I believe the interests of all the people of the Tenth District will be best served by his election."

Michigan Patron.  
Concerning Mr. Currie, the Michigan Patron says: "He represents no interest but those of the people. He has fought the worst kind of machine politics for years. His private life, and public record are without a flaw."

Lansing State Journal Endorsement.  
"Any statesman with the qualities which Michigan knows Mr. Currie possesses is needed in the service of the state at Washington. It falls to the lot of the Tenth District to take advantage of an opportunity to send this kind of a man to Congress."  
"For the sake of the state at large, which is judged at Washington by the calibre of the men who represent it, it is to be hoped that the Tenth District nominates and elects Gilbert A. Currie."

Herald Times, West Branch for Currie  
"The Herald-Times favors the nomination of Gilbert A. Currie for Congress. It takes this position because, among all the candidates, Mr. Currie stands out distinctly as the representative of the average every day citizen. "He is not backed by the politicians, nor money, but is depending upon men of his type to interest themselves in his candidacy. He has no paid agents out talking for him, and the old time politicians looking for money will be found against him. Every man in this county who has watched this young man fight his way up from a farmer boy to his present position as Speaker of the House, opposed by a group of political ringsters, with money, admire him for his courage and ability."

Grand Rapids News.  
"The people of Michigan owe Gilbert A. Currie, of Midland, speaker of the house of representatives, a vote of thanks for the able manner in which he presided over the legislative assembly. The speaker deserves a great share of the credit for making the last session the most profitable one to the state that has been held in a quarter of a century."



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\$10.00 to \$25.00

Whatever the price you decide to pay, we believe we can show you the top notch of lasting worth and shapeliness in KAMPUS KLOTHES—Let us prove it.

AT \$15.00

Smart two and three button Sack Model Suits, including fancy worsteds, chevrons and serges, strictly all wool fabrics. Price \$15.00

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English Suits with soft rolled lapels, patch pockets; also American styles. Fancy worsteds and cassimeres. Price \$18.00

CLOTHES PAR EXCELLENCE AT \$20.00

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GRAYLING'S LEADING  
DRY GOODS STORE

## New Russel Hotel

Under New Management.

Everything conducive  
to the comfort of  
its patrons.

Your patronage solicited.

Rates: \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day

**Geo. A. Hodge**  
Proprietor

## Reduce the Cost of Living!

By trading at the store of pure groceries and small profits. We offer you the best market supplies—the only kind we buy—the groceries that last longest and furnish the most nutriment.

Our usual close margin of prices prevails.

Phone No. 25. Promptly Delivered.

**H. PETERSEN,**  
Your Grocer.



## Buyers to Share in Profits Lower Prices on Ford Cars

Effective from August 1, 1914, to August 1, 1915, and guaranteed against any reduction during that time:

Touring Car	-	-	\$490
Runabout	-	-	440
Town Car	-	-	690

F. O. B. Detroit, all cars fully equipped  
(In the United States of America only)

Further, we will be able to obtain the maximum efficiency in our factory production, and the minimum cost in our purchasing and sales departments if we can reach an output of 300,000 cars between the above dates.

And should we reach this production, we agree to pay as the buyer's share from \$40 to \$60 per car (on or about August 1, 1915) to every retail buyer who purchases a new Ford car between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915.

For further particulars regarding these low prices and profit-sharing plan, see the nearest Ford Branch or Dealer.

**Ford Motor Company**

Geo. Burke, Agent for Crawford County, Frederic, Mich.



## FRENCH SOLDIERS ENTRAINING AT TROYES



This photograph, taken on the frontier at Troyes after the breaking out of the war, shows French troops entraining. Their artillery was mounted on flat cars and the men rode in box cars.

## IRON DUKE, FLAGSHIP OF ADMIRAL CALLAGHAN



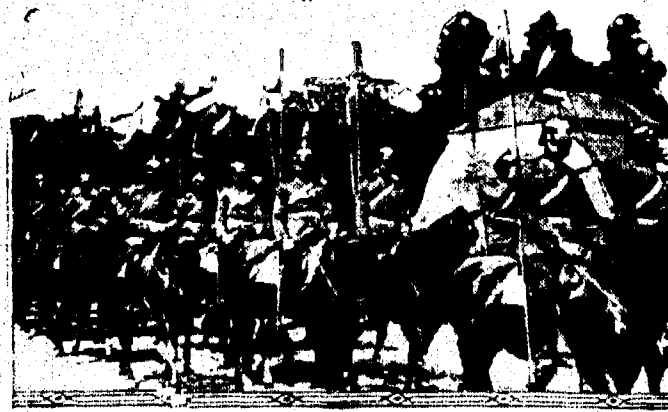
The new British battleship Iron Duke, flagship of Admiral Sir George Callaghan, who commands the home fleet in the North sea. Inset at the left is Admiral Callaghan, and at the right the loading of a scout aeroplane aboard a battleship.

## ENGLISH TROOPS ON THEIR WAY TO BELGIUM



English soldiers en route to Victoria station, London, whence they went to the coast and across to Belgium. They are passing Westminster abbey, and the clock of the houses of parliament is seen in the background.

## REPORTED CUT TO PIECES BEFORE LIEGE



These are the famous Uhlans of the German army that are reported to have been annihilated by Belgians in the fighting around Liege.

## GERMAN EDITOR SAYS GREED RULES GREAT BRITAIN

Chargé d'affaires to be responsible for the continental war because her ancient supremacy on the seas is threatened by Germany, the Illinois Staats-Zeitung prints an editorial in part as follows:

"Since the days of Queen Elizabeth England has had but one aim and one ambition—the preference of its trade and the domination of the sea. Particular attention has been paid to the trade routes to the British colonies.

"As she now urges France and Russia on to Germany, so she strengthened herself in the seven years' war with the attack of Frederick the Great against France. She did not aim to assist Prussia, but to seize Canada.

"Now England has found in Germany a dangerous competitor on the oceans, and in London they have not hesitated for a moment about getting even. First an attempt was made

to subdue Germany in a friendly manner. It was at the time of the Boer war, and Chamberlain devised the scheme that Germany was offered an alliance. Germany was to purchase English friendship by foregoing every future addition to her navy, by playing into England's hands on the high seas and in every market of the world. With the rejection of this alliance the closing-in policy of Edward VII began. This policy now seeks to harvest the fruit in the English-French-Russian war against Germany.

## M.A.C. STARTS NEW EXTENSION WORK

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING TO BE TAUGHT TO FARMERS DIRECT.

## FIRST SCHOOL TO TRY PLAN

Problems of Home Sanitation, Sewage Disposal, Lighting, Etc., to Be Dealt With by Experts on the Ground.

East Lansing, Mich.—As a move toward solution of the problem of making life in the country more attractive, the Michigan Agricultural college will this fall inaugurate an extension course whose purpose will be that of showing every farmer in the state how he may secure the conveniences which make life more tolerable in the homes of his city brethren.

This newest plan of the college will be known under the general name of "Agricultural Engineering" and through it the M. A. C. men will strive to simplify for the farmer problems of home sanitation, water systems, sewage disposal, lighting and related subjects. Men expert in this work will personally visit the country districts and will talk with rural dwellers face to face.

"The drudgery of the farm and the absence of conveniences which the city woman looks upon as natural, are potent factors in bringing farm life into disfavor," declared Superintendent Robert J. Baldwin of the M. A. C. extension department. "It is with a view to meeting these needs that the new course is designed."

Direction of the new extension course, which is thought to be the first of its kind so far attempted by educational institution, will be placed in the hands of Prof. H. H. Musselman of the farm mechanics department of the college and C. E. Roby, field representative in agricultural engineering. The staff will be increased as the demand by the farmers for assistance grows.

## VOTE TO TEST ASSESSMENT

Holstein Breeders Employ Lawyer to Protest High Valuation.

Howell.—The Livingston County Holstein association, at a meeting here Friday, voted to employ D. D. Aitkin of Flint, a lawyer and president of the National Holstein Breeders' association, to commence proceedings to test the assessment of Holstein cattle for taxes.

By orders of the state tax commission all Holsteins, fully developed cows which are on the advanced registry official, were assessed at \$200 each.

The breeders hold the cash value for cattle is what they would sell for if offered for sale to pay taxes and that the values from records and pedigrees are fictitious.

## SAWMILL AT PELLSTON BURNS

Explosion Causes Loss of Principal Industry of Village.

Pellston, Mich.—The big Jackson & Pindle sawmill, the industrial mainstay of this village, was totally destroyed by fire early Monday morning, causing a loss of \$50,000 and throwing between 350 and 400 men out of work. Whether it will be rebuilt is not known.

The fire was started about 1:30 o'clock by an explosion, supposedly of a barrel of gasoline, which blew out the upper windows and knocked down the watchman, and in a moment the whole structure was ablaze. Nothing could be done to stay the flames, and in a short time the building had been burned to the ground.

## Storm at Circus Injures Many.

Sturgis, Mich.—Just as the crowd was settling in its seats for the opening of the performance of the Hagenbeck-Wallace circus here Thursday afternoon, a storm broke which tore away some of the supports of the big tent. A pole fell, loosening the braces under one section of seats, which went down, carrying two score persons. Three were seriously injured and a dozen others badly bruised or cut by the falling seats.

## MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

The East Michigan Power Co., which has already built three big dams across the Au Sable river, is about to start work on a fourth one at Mio, in Oscoda county.

Early applications for enrollment at M. A. C. indicate that at least 800 freshmen will register at the college on commencement of the college term on September 23. The highest previous enrollment for a freshmen class was 654, a mark attained in 1913.

Chas. L. Dewalle, for several terms prosecuting attorney of Roscommon county and well known lawyer of northern Michigan, is dead at that place, age 71 years. He leaves a widow and several grown children.

The Pere Marquette depot at Wyman, on the Big Rapids division, was burned to the ground Wednesday. The warehouse also was destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is \$1,000.

Mrs. Josephine Walters of Bay City, has received a cablegram telling of the death of two of her nephews in one of the early battles between the Germans and Belgians near Liege. They were in the German army. One of them, Joseph Walters, lived in Bay City several years, but returned about six years ago to Germany.

## MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Marion Fales, a prosperous farmer at Manton, was drowned while bathing in Roberts lake.

James Soule, a farmer near here, was struck by lightning and instantly killed just as he was stepping out of his barn.

Benjamin Orr, of Michigan Center, was fatally injured when his automobile upset and he was pinned underneath at Jackson.

A barn and silo, with contents, owned by E. G. Keck, east of Rochester, were burned Friday, with a loss estimated at \$1,000.

The plant of the Pinconning light and power company has been purchased by J. J. Thorne, of Bay City, who will remodel and improve it at once.

Elmer Lewis, 35, a carpenter, was killed Thursday in a fall from a window of the Michigan Seating company plant at Jackson where he was employed.

Mitchell Dwyer, of Grand Rapids, was drowned in Grand river Friday, the first day of his vacation, which he had come to Grand Haven to spend. He was 22 years old.

There was a small panic when an aeroplane, driven by Carl Zolander, crashed into the grandstand in making a landing at Muskegon Sunday. Zolander was slightly injured.

Gov. Ferris has issued a proclamation calling on the people of Michigan for financial aid for the American Red Cross for its work among the sufferers from the war in Europe.

George Newman, Fuller, secretary of the Michigan historical commission has resigned, to take effect October 1. The commission has offered the place to Charles Moore, of Detroit.

A power line from Flint to Fenton via Grand Blanc will be put in service September 15, furnishing light and power to farmers along the route and to the two villages named.

Ernest Feige, president of the Feige Desk Co., and interested in many enterprises in Saginaw, dropped dead of heart disease at his desk Saturday noon. He was about 50 years old.

As the result of a petition signed and presented to the city council by 30 young girls, Albion has a municipal bathhouse and swimming pool under construction on the Kalamazoo river.

Miss Catherine Welsh, nurse in the Port Huron hospital, has offered her services to the British government and they have been accepted. She is now awaiting orders to go to England.

It is the opinion of Attorney-General Fellows that paid campaign managers are a violation of the primary election law. A similar ruling has been rendered by the state legal department on other occasions.

The interior of the Arlington hotel, on the west side, Bay City, was wrecked by fire Friday, and Michael Hitz, a retired farmer who had to run through smoke and flame to escape, was so seriously injured that he is in a hospital.

W. H. Wallace, trainmaster of the Toledo-Ludington division of the Pere Marquette railroad, has tendered his resignation, effective September 1, to accept a position as general mechanical inspector of the M. K. & T. at Dallas, Texas.

Fears that Coach J. F. Macklin of M. A. C., who is touring in Europe, would not return in time to coach the "Aggie" eleven this fall were set aside Saturday in a cablegram saying he would arrive in New York Aug. 28 on the liner Olympic.

Albert J. Tretheway, Marquette county motorcycle officer, died Saturday night an hour after he crashed into a D. & S. & A. ore train. He was running at a high rate of speed while following an automobile and evidently did not see the train approaching.

Emmet country's first normal school will be opened at Petoskey Sept. 21, with the beginning of the Petoskey public school fall term. Superintendent E. C. Hartwell, of the Petoskey schools, will have direct supervision of the normal, which will be operated in connection with the high school.

Venturing beyond his depth, Allen MacCague, of Chicago, a resort at Sylvan Beach, about 20 miles from Muskegon, was drowned in Lake Michigan late Sunday. Heroic attempts at rescue by two companions, also resorters, resulted in one nearly losing his life. All efforts toward resuscitation failed. MacCague was 21 years old.

Arbitration of cases before the industrial accident board is cheap. From figures compiled by Secretary Drake the board in the year ending June 30 arbitrated 323 cases. The total cost was \$5,031.71, or the comparatively small sum of \$15.58 apiece. Of course there is no lawyer's fee in this sort of arbitration. In 70 per cent of the cases the litigants were satisfied with the decision.

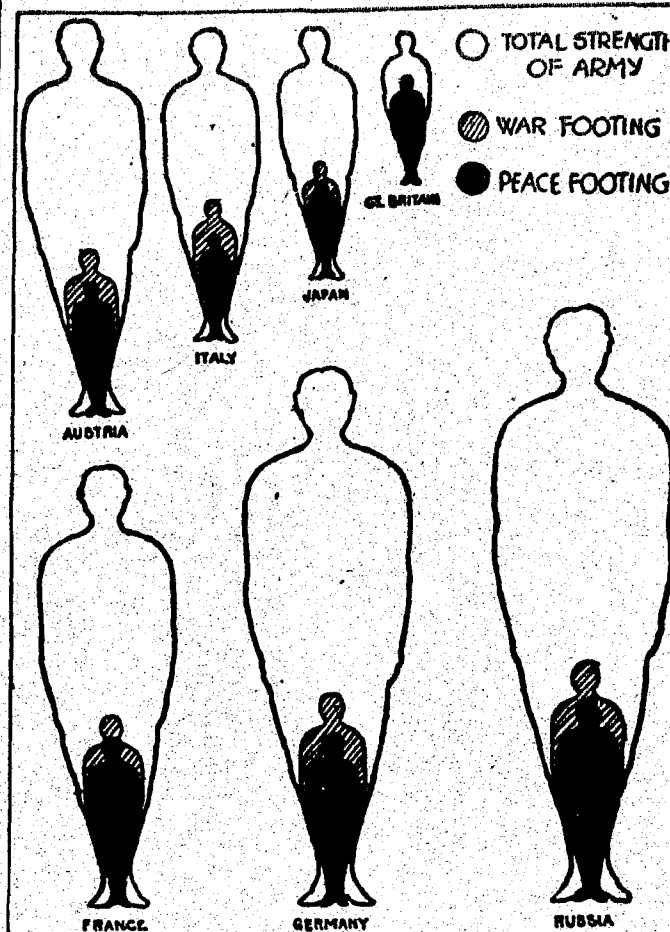
All Saints' Catholic parish at Flint has begun the construction of a school which will have for its principal object the instruction of foreign children in English. The building will be of brick and consist of two stories and a basement.

Warnings to Michigan farmers to guard against the Hessian fly, an insect pest which attacks young wheat, have been sent broadcast through the state by the Agricultural college. The Hessian fly makes its appearance in the fall and ravages the wheat planted in September.

Prof. James Sterenberg, head of the Latin and Greek department of Olivet college, has just resigned to accept a position as head of the Greek and Bible department at Knox college, Galesburg, Ill.

Because Lucius Stetson, a democrat candidate for the nomination for sheriff of Kalamazoo county, failed to have signers to his petition put down their street addresses, his petition was Tuesday afternoon thrown out and he was not to appear on the county ballot. He was the only opponent to Sheriff Ralph Chapman.

## ARMIES OF POWERS COMPARED



## REAL BATTLE CAPABILITIES OF THE ARMIES OF EUROPE

"Do you know that the contending armies in Europe today are battling upon their peace time footings?" asked a colonel on the general staff of the United States army. "And don't forget that the nation that gets its fighting force up to its full war strength first will gain a material advantage in the present turmoil."

This means that any hasty deductions made upon the basis of fighting won and lost up to date may soon prove absolutely misleading.

The question then arises: Which of the struggling armies can reach its war strength soonest, and, with that attained, what are its chances for maintaining that standing in the grueling days to come? The answer is a matter of administrative efficiency first, and then follows naturally the relative merits of the reserve material upon which the nation can draw as battle after battle and disease thin the ranks of those in the field. At present the Germans are virtually fighting alone four other nations, but their initial setbacks are not properly a true index of what is to come in the near future.

Some Figures. As it is necessary to deal with figures it is just as well to begin now as later. These figures, interpreted in the light of additional information have another meaning, one that comes closer to the facts inspiring the aggressive policy assumed by the Kaiser in face of seemingly appalling odds. According to authoritative information the peace and the war footings of the powers named are as follows:

	Peace	War	Reserves	Total
Russia	1,111,193	1,075,387	5,450,000	6,475,387
Germany	466,245	844,833	1,400,000	2,311,078
France	333,679	700,740	2,250,000	3,250,740
Austria	334,333	525,624	1,500,000	2,350,524
Italy	211,341	271,456	1,500,000	1,971,457
England	206,623	223,858	215,000	435,633
Japan	182,503	261,300	1,000,000	1,261,300

As between France and Germany apart from the latter's superior war footing, the total of the fully trained reserves in the Fatherland would be the most potent factor in a prolonged struggle and also the justification for a vigorous initiative despite early heavy losses. Both Germany and France have in the last two years increased the period of service from two to three years. In France this lengthening of the term with the colors aroused a great deal of opposition, not to say discontent.

Immediately back of these soldiers are the first reserves, men who but recently have finished their full tours of active service and of course are familiar with the latest practices. Now look at the foregoing figures. Germany's peace footing is only 29,895 men stronger than that of France, but upon the first call to arms this moderate superiority immediately jumps to the greater figure of 144,203, giving the Kaiser an advantage of nearly 21 per cent. But this is only the beginning of the difference.

Germany's total reserve of fully trained reserves—men trained with peculiar thoroughness—is today quite 5,000,000, while the admittedly less extensively drilled reserves of France number but 2,250,000 rank and file. Here, as can plainly be seen, the Fatherland leads by 1,750,000—two and a half times the war footing of France, while still having in reserve as many as France would have at best.

Setting aside the question of the relative military value of the training of the German and the French soldiers, those of France carry a magazine rifle of eight millimeters caliber and the German infantrymen repeat-

ers having a caliber of 7.8 millimeters. Assuming the same propulsive charge, the German gun will carry further and travel flatter than the French weapon, making for better marksmanship at all ranges.

Again, the French rifle is heavier than the German, increasing to that extent the stress upon the man who has to carry it on long marches. The soldiers of both nations carry the same number of cartridges, 120. But the saving in weight in the German musket is offset by other weights he has to carry. Fully equipped the French foot soldier has a total burden of 64.58 pounds, while the German infantryman has to bear 68.75 pounds. As a broad proposition the average German is a sturdier man than his French rival, and this greater tax is wisely laid upon him.

French Equipment. In the French army each company of infantry has the following portable tools: Eight shovels, four pickaxes (double headed), three axes, one folding saw and a pair of wire nippers. The German foot soldier on the other hand does not get off so easily, because each company has to carry 100 small spades, ten pickaxes and five hatchets. Now what does this mean? Simply that the Kaiser's infantrymen are able to entrench themselves quicker than their French rivals, and for that reason could hold an advanced position more securely and guard themselves against attack while there better than the soldiers of the tricolor.

Now let us see what Russia represents as a foe to Germany on the Fatherland's northern border. Unquestionably the czar's army is superior to the Kaiser's in mere point of numbers in peace, in war and in the total available reserves, and so far as personal bravery goes the Russian soldier is unsurpassed. But battles are not won these days by just numbers; training and handling of the men are of supreme importance.

Broadly speaking, it is doubtful if the Russian forces are any better trained than they were when they measured strength with the Japanese in 1904-05. The infantry are armed with magazine rifles of 7.62 millimeter caliber, and as marksmen they are nothing like the equals of the Germans.

How They Compare. Russia is measurably superior to Germany in the matter of infantry, cavalry and artillery in the form of field guns, and Germany, in turn, leads France in the vital feature of artillery. Artillery has played a prime part in all great wars, and the popular idea is that it is upon these guns that the tide of battle turns. In a measure this is so, for the field pieces have to protect or support the infantry; but with this done, the decisive outcome of an action depends upon the conduct and gallantry of the foot soldier, for he constitutes the backbone of any military force.

As a matter of history, the French have led in field ordnance ever since the Franco-Prussian war. The French were the first to adopt the long recoil which made it possible to use higher propulsive charges and to secure better practice against the target, and to them, too, is owed the introduction of the spade upon the trail by which the recoil of the carriage could be checked, thus making it possible for the gun pointer to hold his position and to fire deliberately and rapidly. To the French, also, the world is indebted for the higher development of the shrapnel shell with its withering blast of leaden bullets.

## AIR MACHINES WILL DO BUT LITTLE KILLING

While he believes war of the air will be the war of the future, Captain Bristol, head of the United States navy aeronautics service, predicted that air machines will do little actual wholesale killing in Europe.

They will be used almost solely for reconnaissance work, he said. Their chief service will be in scouting. "Bombing," he said, "are not doing

oped yet to the point where they will be particularly destructive. Their chief effectiveness in the big war in Europe will be to create consternation in groups of hidden soldiers. The death rate from an air bomb among closely packed forces might be twenty men."

That the air machine will lead to the spectacular element of war was his belief. He ventured the prediction that some battles may be waged between scout aeroplanes or scout planes and dirigibles.



## SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHWEST.

## ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

## SWEDEN.

The Swedish Mission Covenant mission house and seminary in Stockholm was badly damaged by fire, Rev. P. P. Waldstrom, the father of the Covenant, was present and fought the flames with desperate energy. At first fire he would not believe that the building was on fire. It had six lightening rods of the best construction, and it seemed incredible that it could be reached by lightning. Mr. Waldstrom kept up the fight until a burning door from the fifth story fell down so close to him that it tore the rim off his hat. In fact both he and his son Paul fought so hard that their health seems to have been impaired. The old gentleman had to retire to his country cottage near Galle, and it is feared that he may have to stay in bed. On account of the fire the school will not be opened for the fall term until October 15.

The fireman on a steamer in Angermund found a balloon on the shore. So much of its gas had been lost that it could not stay in the air any longer. Knowing something about the art of ballooning, he soaked a rag with kerosene, placed it under the opening of the balloon and set fire to it. The smoke soon filled the balloon, and when the inflation reached a certain point the balloon rose and was carried away by the wind. But it did not stay long in the air, and it happened to land in a forest, which was set on fire. The people of the neighborhood fought the flames a whole day before they were put out, and the damage was considerable.

The Grangeberg and Oxelosund Traffic company is assessed on the basis of almost \$7,000,000, or about \$600,000 more than last year. This company is only about \$300,000 ahead of the second greatest taxpayer in the kingdom, namely, the Lussava-Klunavara Mining company. The valuation of the property of the famous Laval Separator company, is about \$1,350,000. The richest individual in Sweden seems to be Minister of Foreign Affairs Waldenberg, who has a pay raise of \$200,000. The second richest man in the country, Count von Hallwyl, is taxed for \$255,000.

The hotel keepers of Stockholm were well pleased with the tourist trade early this summer. The tourists came unusually early in the season, and they were more numerous than last year at the same period. Later in the season, however, the rush did not come up to expectations. One reason was that so many came only as far as the Baltic exposition at Malmö. It is at least certain that this exposition has hurt the business men of Stockholm.

Nils Moreau, a fifteen-year-old boy in Stockholm, suddenly disappeared, and his whereabouts were not known for about a week. Finally he was found in the Hufvedstad forest. A viper was nestling by his side. He had lost his memory and could not tell who he was. The doctors explain that he had been sunstruck, but they are in hopes that he will recover.

The provincial legislature of Upsala has gone on record in favor of abolishing the rule that the pastor of the congregation shall be ex officio chairman of the board of education. Bishop Rode, on the other hand, has written to the department of ecclesiastical affairs that the proposed change would be injurious to the schools, the clergy and the people of Sweden.

The income and property tax for the year 1914 has been fixed. In the city of Stockholm there are 271,000 inhabitants, and their taxes aggregate about \$4,000,000, which is about \$175,000 more than last year. This amount for the whole kingdom is about \$12,000,000, or about \$1,000,000 more than last year.

The annual expenses of the average student at the University of Lund are about \$300. The expenses are a little larger at the University of Denmark, but the difference is really immaterial.

Svensk Kyrkoförbund contains an article against the so-called Baltic temple at the Baltic exposition at Malmö. The article points out certain facts to prove that behind the practice of cremation are concealed certain monistic tendencies that are hostile to the church and the Christian religion. It is asked whether such tendencies are in harmony with the aims of the exposition, and if the answer is in the negative the proper authority ought to proceed energetically and clear up the matter, which is said to be mysterious at any rate.

The cordial way in which 120 members of the Swedish parliament were treated during their recent visit to Christiania during the Norwegian centenary celebration is taken here as proof of increased friendship and understanding between the two countries. One result is a proposed visit of King Haakon to Sweden next year, although plans have not yet been made.

The sugar beet is doing fairly well in Ostergotland in spite of the terrible drought.

## NORWAY.

King Haakon was forty-two years old August 3. On this occasion an American writer makes the following remark about the ruler of the north-ernmost kingdom in the world: "It will be hard to find a less autocratic monarch on the face of the globe than King Haakon. His simplicity is superb. At the time of his nomination as king of Norway the whole country was clamoring for his acceptance of the crown; he refused point blank to have anything to do with it. 'Not until I know by a general plebiscite from the nation that this sudden invitation to join the charmed circle of monarchy comes from the heart of the people, and not from party causes will I accept this honor,' he said in answer to his people's clamorings. The plebiscite was taken. While voting was going on through Norway the results were each morning telegraphed to Copenhagen. King Christian, the court, and the entire Danish people waited with anxiety those telegrams which one by one helped to form the royal crown. But not so the center of all this excitement, the king himself, he still pursued the even tenor of his way. When the telegram arrived recording the formal decision of Norway, there was the greatest trouble to find the new king. He had set out on his steam launch to the other end of the port to inspect a torpedo boat. He lightly excused himself to the court messenger who rushed after him. 'I beg your pardon, my dear sir—the service, you know. I suppose they will have to arrange to fill my place.' His compulsory resignation from the naval service, which he had chosen as a career in the days when to wear a crown had been beyond his wildest dreams, was probably one of the bitterest phases of his life. He loved the sea as only a born sailor knows how, and now he has a little consolation in his present position as king in the fact that he is called upon to do a great deal of yachting, for a large proportion of his subjects dwell in such remote spots that the best means of reaching them is by water.

Seven hundred street car conductors and motormen went on a strike in Christiania, and for some time only the line to the exposition grounds was kept in operation by volunteers and officials. Serious disturbances were caused by the strikers and their sympathizers when new men were employed to start the cars. Stones and other missiles were thrown and many car windows were smashed. Many persons were slightly injured. The leaders of the row were arrested.

The Bergen Steamship company has made arrangements for two pleasure expeditions to northern Norway on the occasion of the total eclipse of the sun in those quarters August 11. The Neptune is to leave Hamburg the 10th, and Mira will leave the 17th of August. A number of German and Belgian astronomers will join the expedition. The Germans will have an observatory on the island of Stokka. The expedition will wind up with a trip to Spitzbergen.

The Norwegian aviator, Lieutenant Gran, who was a member of Scott's Antarctic expedition, made a successful flight over the North sea from Croudin bay, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, landing at Kiep, near Stravanger. He accomplished the flight of 320 miles in four hours and ten minutes.

## DENMARK.

Every five years the temperance people of Denmark have a grand rally alternately in Copenhagen and Aarhus. This summer it was held in Copenhagen. About 25,000 people marched through the streets to Sondermarken, where the leaders made addresses and the choir sang. Klaus Johannessen Vaarst, the temperance veteran, pointed out that it was 35 years since the organized temperance work was taken up in Denmark, and he was in hopes that this would be the last rally of the kind in Copenhagen; in other words, that Denmark would have prohibition within ten years, so that there would be no need of a rally in Copenhagen in 1924.

A few weeks before the breaking out of the war some marines from a Russian warship were allowed to land at Kjøge. They succumbed to such an extent to the effects of the Danish sun that one of them pummeled the head of the mayor of the city because he could not understand what the Russian said. The brave warrior was picked up and put in jail to cool off.

Mackerel shoals have been so immense at Hals that the fishermen have been unable to take care of them. The nets were simply loaded, and for days nothing could be done with the fish for lack of facilities to dispose of the goods in the excessive heat.

The capacity of the waterworks of Copenhagen is 700,000 barrels a day, and the consumption reached the limit during the hottest season. The city has bought some lots at Roskilde, where springs of fine water have been found in several places within a reasonable distance of the city, so that the water supply may easily be augmented without very large expenses.

The cabbage worm has destroyed many beet fields in the country around Hjørring.

London.—It is officially stated that Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna of Russia, en route to St. Petersburg from a visit to Queen Alexandra, her sister, here, has been detained at Berlin by orders of the German emperor. She has been given the alternative of returning here or of proceeding to Copenhagen.

Several deaths have been caused by sunstroke this summer. Most of the victims became insane before they succumbed to the heat.

## Refined Interpretation of Summer Modes



THE last word in this summer toilette, designed for the hot days of August, comes in the form of this combination of transparent materials and embroidered net or heavy linen with lace. Every detail of this costume may be carefully considered, from the transparent wide-brimmed hat of shirred maline, through the elaborate necklace of embroidered net, the wide velvet girdle, the very full tunic and the close-hanging undershirt, bordered with embroidered net, not omitting the pumps of dull kid with their shabby buckles. These features embody the last evolution of the summer's modes, and indicate what we may expect for the coming fall.

The costume shows a fine eye for selection rather than a desire to be original. There are several new touches in the minor details, such as the new form of side comb in the hair, the very broad girdle of velvet ribbon, and its adjustments about the hips in the oriental fashion. The long sleeves of voile indicate the liking for long sleeves in thin fabrics which are to be seen repeatedly in gowns of heavier materials.

This gown is made of sheer, fine voile embroidered in disks on the lower half of the sleeves and about the bottom of the tunic. The bodice, which is bloused only a little, is of

the voile also. The underpetticoat of fine mousseline or organdie is finished at the bottom with a wide border of embroidered net. This same net makes the necklace, which consists of fichu and flaring collar in one. Any pattern in a lace of bold design may be substituted for the embroidered net with equally good effect. Handmade laces of linen braid are especially appropriate if the costume is intended for summer wear only. This gown, made up as pictured here, might easily be serviceable at other seasons of the year, as voile and embroidered net are fabrics used all the year round.

It is worth noticing that the tunic is quite full, but the fullness is not increased by the addition of a ruffle at the bottom. This ruffle is of exactly the same width as the body of the tunic above it. It is finished with a narrow plaiting of fine lace at the bottom and a similar plaiting joins it to the tunic skirt.

The parasol, of embroidered tulle, is edged with a ruffle of chiffon and completes an exquisite and refined interpretation of this summer's modes. There is no trace of any of the freakish elements in the bunching and draping of materials about the figure. All the lines are uninterrupted and therefore graceful.

## Lingerie Favored for Summer Wear



NIGHT DRESSES designed for summer are made of the lightest and sheerest of batiste or nainsook or cross-barred muslins, linen and cotton lawns, and also of wash silks and crepe de chine. The latter and linen lawns seem to be in highest favor at this season.

For decoration, well-made French or German valances, cluny and shadow laces hold sway, with hand embroidery always the most elegant of all. If fine hand embroidery is to be used, linen lawn, crepe de chine, or very fine batiste will make the work worth while. Hand embroidery in simple design and neatly done is the most desirable of all decorations for lingerie. Durable laces in narrow insertions and dainty edges are quite often used with it. But the majority of hand-embroidered garments have no further decoration than flower sprays of embroidery and all edges finished with buttonholed scallops.

A gown of batiste is shown in the picture cut in the simplest manner possible. A plain kimono pattern does away with armholes or separate sleeves. The round neck and short sleeves are finished with buttonholed scallops, and these are placed, instead of a hem, about the bottom. A flower spray appears on each sleeve and in the front of the garment. Made with much less work and very pretty is the gown shown in the second picture. The yoke and sleeves, in one piece, are made of German val lace insertion finished with edging.

## Cashmere Again.

Rumor tells us that the cashmere which our mothers and grandmothers wore with such dignity and grace, and which Dame Fashion has frowned upon for many years, is once more to hold a place in popular favor, and that the dressmakers are planning to show models made of this material in their early fall openings. The cashmere which our grandmothers wore were all wool, but we are promised a silk cashmere in heavy weight which will be charming for afternoon

The shaping is managed by basting alternating rows of narrow and wide insertion to a light paper pattern. The lace is brought to a "V" shape in the back. The shoulders are fitted with narrow seams. The insertings are whipped together.

The lower edge of the yoke is stitched to a heading embroidery about an inch in width, to which the body of the gown is set on. The sleeve portion and bottom of the gown are finished with a wide edging, and the neck with a narrow one of corresponding pattern. Ribbon run through the heading adjusts this pretty empire pattern to the figure.

In nightgowns and in other lingerie of the best designs the makers steer clear of much elaboration. Ribbons form a highly important decorative feature, and special designs in bows and rosettes are made to be adjusted when required.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Vivid Shades for Girls. Bright colors in linen, crepe and cottons are much worn by children, beyond the baby age of white. Those are usually worn with black belts or girdles, and are relieved by collars or gumpers of fine white embroidery. The liners are too heavy for gath-ers, but in sheer fabrics shirtings, plaatings and gathered ruffles are usual.

Such colors as terra cotta, grass green and vivid yellow are worn by young girls of all ages.

Whatever the reason, that garment, the basque, is quite wearable now, and is far from demure. In white taffeta, with white satin buttons in a straight row down the front and a knife-plaited skirt that clears the white buckskin pumps with pointed tongues and colonial silver buckles, and a sash placed just where a child would place it, the costume is decidedly likable.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

**Live Stock.**  
**DETROIT**—Cattle: Receipts, 777; market 10¢ higher; best heavy steers, \$8.50@9; best handy weight butcher steers, \$7.50@7.75; mixed steers and heifers, \$7@7.50; handy light butchers, \$6.75@7.50; light butchers, \$6.25@7; best cows, \$6@7; butchers cows, \$5@5.75; common cows, \$4@5; canners, \$3@4.25; best heavy bulls, \$8.50@9; bologna bulls, \$6.25@6.75; stock bulls, \$5.50@6.50; feeders, \$6.75@7.25; stockers, \$6.25@6.75; milkers and springers, \$4@4.80.

**Veal Calves**—Receipts, 401; market for good grades 50¢ higher, others steady; best, \$12@12.50; others, \$8@11.

**Sheep and Lambs**—Receipts, 2,200; market for lambs 25¢ higher; sheep steady; best lambs, \$8.50@9; fair lambs, \$8@8.25; light to common lambs, \$6@6.50; fair to good sheep, \$4.25@5; culls and common, \$3@4.

**Hogs**—Receipts, 1,274; packers' price, \$9.25; few sold to outsiders at \$9.50; market very dull on heavy grades.

**EAST BUFFALO**—Receipts of cattle, 6,000; market 15¢ lower; choice to prime steers, \$9.50@10.00; fair to good, \$8.50@9; plain and coarse, \$8.40@8.80; choice to prime handy steers, \$8.60@9; fair to good, \$8.25@8.50; light common, \$7.50@8; yearlings, \$8.25@9; prime fat heifers, \$8.25@8.60; good butchering heifers, \$7.75@8; light do, \$7@7.50; best fat cows, \$9@9.25; good butchering cows, \$8@8.50; canners and cutters, \$3.25@5; best feeding steers, \$2.75@3; good do, \$6.75@7; best stockers, \$6.50@7; common to good, \$5.50@6; best bulls, \$6.75@7.50; good killing bulls, \$6.25@6.75; stock and medium bulls, \$5@6; milkers and springers, \$3.50@4.

**Hogs**—Receipts, 1,400; market 20¢ lower; all grades, \$9.40@9.50.

**Sheep**—Receipts, 6,000; market slow; lambs, \$8.50@8.75; yearlings, \$6@7; wethers, \$6.25@6.75; ewes, \$5@5.75.

**Calves**—slow; tops, \$11@11.50; fair to good, \$8.50@9; grassers, \$5@6.

## Grains, Etc.

**DETROIT**—Wheat: Cash No. 2 red, 98 1-2¢; September opened with a decline of 2¢ at 99¢, advanced to \$1 and closed at 99 1-2¢; December opened at 1.03 1-2¢, advanced to \$1.04 1-2¢ and closed at \$1.04; May, \$1.10; No. 1 white, 98¢; No. 2 white, 97¢.

**Corn**—Cash No. 3, 88¢; No. 3 yellow, No. 4 yellow, 88¢.

**Oats**—Standard, 45 1-2¢; new standard, 2 cars at 43¢; No. 3 white, 44 1-2¢; new No. 3 white, 42 1-2¢; No. 4 white, 43¢; new No. 4 white, 41 1-2¢.

**Rye**—Cash No. 2, 75¢ bid.

**Beans**—Immediate, prompt and August shipment, \$2.75 bid; October, \$2.25 bid.

**Cloverseed**—Prime spot, \$11; October and December, \$11.50; prime alsike, \$9.75; sample alsike, 20 bags at \$8.25, 15 at \$8, 10 at \$7.

**Timothy**—Prime spot, \$3.

**Alfalfa**—Prime spot, \$8.35.

**Hay**—Carlots, track Detroit: No. 1 timothy, \$16@17; standard, \$15.50@16; new No. 1 timothy, \$15; No. 2 timothy, \$13@14; light mixed, \$15.50@16; No. 1 mixed, \$13@13.50; No. 1 clover, \$12.50@13; heavy clover mixed, \$12.50@13; rye straw, \$8@9.50; wheat and oat straw, \$7@7.50 per ton.

**Flour**—In one-half paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$5.80; second patent, \$5.30; straight, \$4.80; spring patent, \$5.80; rye flour, \$4.40 per bbl.

**Feed**—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: middlings, \$30; standard middlings, \$28; fine middlings, \$30; coarse corn meal, \$23.50; cracked corn, \$34.50; corn and oat chop, \$30 per ton.

## General Markets.

**Plums**—\$1.50@2 per bu.  
**Pears**—\$1.50@2 per bu.  
**Blackberries**—\$2@2.25 per 16-qt case.

**Currants**—Small, \$2@2.25; cherry, \$3 per bu. case.

**Peaches**—Elberts, \$2@2.25 per bu; island, \$1@1.25 per bu.

**New Apples**—Transparent, 75¢@81¢; Duchess, \$1@1.10 per hamper and \$3@3.50 per bbl.

**Tomatoes**—Canadian, 75¢@80 per basket.

**Cabbage**—Home-grown, \$1.25@1.50 per bbl.

**Green Corn**—Home-grown, \$1@1.10 per sack.

**Potatoes**—Virginia Red Star, \$2.65 @2.75 per bbl.

**Onions**—Per 100-lb sack, \$4; Spanish, \$1.75@2 per crate.

**Dressed Calves**—Fancy, 14@15¢; common, 10@11¢ per lb.

**Honey**—Choice to fancy new white comb 15@16¢; amber, 10@11¢; extracted, 6@7 per lb.

**Live Poultry**—Broilers, 10@20¢ per lb; heavy hens, 15@16¢; medium hens, 14¢; No. 2 hens, 10@12¢; old roosters, 11¢; ducks, 14@15¢; young ducks, 15@16¢; geese, 11@12¢; turkeys, 15@20¢ per lb.

**Cheese**—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 14 1-4¢@14 1-2¢; New York flats, 15 1-2¢@15 3-4¢; brick, 13¢; Limburger, 11 1-2¢@13¢; Imported Swiss, 13@12¢; domestic Swiss, 13@12¢; long horns, 16 1-2¢; daisies, 15¢ per lb.

**Hides**—No. 1 cured, 16¢; No. 1 green, 13¢; No. 1 cured bulls, 18¢; No. 1 green veal kip, 14¢; No. 1 cured murrain, 13¢; No. 1 green murrain, 10¢; No. 1 cured calf, 18 1-2¢; No. 1 green calf, 17¢; No. 1 horsehides, \$4.50; No. 2 horsehides, \$3.50; No. 2 hides 10¢ and No. 2 kip and calf 1 1-2¢ lower than the above; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 25¢@75¢.

**Chaunauqua** week at Harbor Beach, beginning Aug. 18, will be a double-header, the residents having decided to make it the occasion of the annual home-coming as well.

## MOST POPULAR VARIETY OF DWARF PEARS



A Young and Flourishing Dwarf Tree Orchard.

(By D. ANDREWS.)

With many persons who have not studied the matter carefully, the standard pears are in more favor because they grow larger, and when in prime condition bring fancy prices. One thing which must be taken into account is their susceptibility to blight.

My own experience is that the dwarf trees are less subject to blight and also they produce fruit more quickly. Being low-headed they are easily sprayed and cared for, and the fruit is taken off with less labor.

Many experiments in the big orchards in the East show that there is very little difference between the fruiting surface of an acre of dwarf trees planted 12 feet apart, and an acre of standard pears of similar age planted 18 by 18 feet.

Of course the standard pears grow higher, but as more dwarf trees can be planted on an acre, the difference is thus made up. Probably in the course of 20 years the little trees will produce as much fruit in the aggregate as the large ones.

There are many fine orchards of

standard pears that produce a large income every year, but it is also a fact, that within the past 10 or 12 years many orchards of this variety have suffered so heavily from blight as to make them unprofitable.

Perhaps the dwarf trees require a little more care than the others, although I do not believe that too much care of the right kind can be given to the orchard. To me the dwarf trees always seemed a little more refined in character, requiring better attention, not because they are more delicate, but because their size and characteristics invite a sort of sympathy.

The dwarf trees should be set very deeply in the ground, so that the pear root where it joins the quince roots may be induced to send out roots of its own to supplement the quince feeders. They must also be heavily pruned and fertilized, and of course sprayed frequently.

As the best varieties of dwarf trees begin to bear at four or five years of age, the well set orchard will return its owner a comfortable income for 30 years, or even more.

## CULTIVATION WILL DESTROY THE GRUBS

Advantages of Having Strawberry Plants Well Established Early in Season.

(By M. N. EDGERTON.)

Early in the season I noticed that some of our strawberry plants were not doing as well as they ought, and the deficiency in plant vigor was in greater evidence in one corner of the field than upon the remaining portion. Investigation showed that the white grub was at work upon the plants, and the ravages of the pests increased as the season advanced.

Our children and I became quite skilful in ferreting out from underneath the plants the pests, and I cannot say how many were thus destroyed, for no effort was made to keep tab on the number, but there must have been hundreds of them. Not infrequently two would be found at the base of a single plant. A few plants were saved by removing the grub before the plants were beyond saving. A great many vacancies were filled by using layers from the plant adjoining the one destroyed, either from the same row or from the adjacent double row.

In filling out the rows in this way many plants were necessarily located out of line, which, however, was preferable to vacant rows.

It was fortunate for us that the grub was not as numerous over the whole field as on the portion infested worst. In this corner of the field the stand of plants is so depleted as to eliminate any possible profit.

Had the children and I not been diligent in grub-hunting, the entire field would have been practically ruined, for the white grub is a voracious feeder, not stopping at a single plant. When one plant is done for, the one next in the row is selected upon which to begin operations.

A single grub will clean up the plants from several rows of rows if there is but the mother plant to work upon.

Once the row is filled with the plants, and they are growing vigorously, the damage one grub is able to do is hardly noticeable. This being true, the advantage of having plants established early in the season and the conditions favorable for their most rapid growth constantly maintained, is very obvious.

One might ask, "Why set strawberry plants on the ground infested with the white grub? Why not rid the ground of them by previous treatment?"

My reply is, that it is not always convenient or possible to do this. Theoretically, the elimination of the white grub from infested land can be made complete in three years, but in order to accomplish this, cultivation must be thorough. Not a spear of vegetation must be allowed to grow whose roots may afford sustenance for the grub.

No doubt the years of consecutive summer fallowing would do the job to completeness, but this would be expensive treatment to give land—expensive in more ways than one.

Are there no crops that may be grown upon the land during the period of its fallowing?

**Loss in Feeding Scrubs.**  
It isn't going to pay you to feed that fine grain. It has taken all summer to raise it, scrub animals. Better sell off that bunch of low-grade stuff and buy a few heads of good stock to winter over. You will come out ahead in the spring.

**Good Grafting Wax.**  
A good grafting wax may be made of the following ingredients: Resin, four parts; beeswax, two parts; tallow or lard oil, one part by weight.

of eradication? It may be that there are, but I have about come to the conclusion that while the white grub is especially partial to clover roots, and will wax fat on the strawberry roots, he will thrive remarkably well on any kind of grass roots; will eat potatoes when nothing else offers, and as a last resort can sustain life on any old thing.

Short, sharp rotations, accompanied by clean cultivation, will do much to lessen the numbers, and lessen greatly the injury to the strawberry crop due to the ravages of this pest.

The three-acre tract that I shall set to strawberries next spring is practically free from grubs.

There were about a dozen or more stumps removed at the time of plowing, and, judging from past experience, I expect that the stumps have afforded a good nesting place for the propagation of the grub family.

Ground that has been long in sod, no matter what the variety of grass, will actually become infested with the white grub. Experience has taught us that cropping, even when accompanied by thorough cultivation, will not entirely eradicate the pest, though it will greatly lessen its numbers.

I have found, too, through the same source, that one is assuming a great risk when setting the ground to strawberries that contains eggs or larvae of the June beetle in any considerable numbers.

The necessity of using such ground may usually be avoided by planning the crop rotation several years ahead. Having done all in this direction that circumstances and conditions will permit, the grower should keep an eye peeled for the first indications of the presence of this pest, and when found to be at work among the plants, get after him in dead earnest.

## HARROWING ALFALFA TO ERADICATE WEEDS

Loosening of Soil Is Beneficial to Crop and Kills Out the Robber Growths.

Ordinarily no treatment is needed after the crop has been started, as long as the alfalfa shows a good stand and there is no tendency to run to weeds. If the weeds begin to prove troublesome, it is advisable to give the ground a thorough harrowing, after cutting, with the teeth of the harrow set at a considerable angle. This kills the weeds and is decidedly beneficial to the alfalfa, because of the loosening of the soil, and the harrow does not injure the roots of the crop. There has been considerable objection to diskling the alfalfa field with the ordinary disc-harrow, because it is claimed that the plants are injured by splitting up the crowns.

**How to Make a Flat.**  
A flat is a shallow box three or four inches deep and of any convenient size. Bore a few holes in the bottom and put in a layer of cinders; then fill with light, rich loam and sand, about half and half. Smooth and firm the soil with a flat board and then draw lines across the soil two or three inches apart. In these furrows sow the seed.

**Don't Crowd the Chickens.**  
If chickens are allowed to crowd into bunches in close houses, these hot nights, they will easily catch cold when a damp day comes. Why not move the roosts out into the scratching sheds?





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### Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

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GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 20

## PRIMARY ELECTION NEXT TUESDAY

Next Tuesday, August 25th, will occur the primary election, and the interesting question is who is going to be nominated. Many dopesters have come out with opinions, usually shaded to meet their wishes, that would confirm the election of the whole category of candidates, and practically every candidate stands ready to prove to us that he has a claim.

Now what is the real situation? The Avalanche will endeavor to give to our readers the facts as nearly as we are able to judge from the general sentiment as expressed in this community, and as far as possible in the county.

In the forecast for governor, we believe that we are correct in making the statement that the choice in Crawford county will be between Grosbeck and Martin. There seems to be very little Osborn sentiment, and still less of the other candidates.

There seems to be no interest in the contest for lieutenant governor.

There is considerable interest in the nomination of congressman for the tenth district, with the three candidates doing their utmost to get the nomination. Currie, Loud and Glerum is about the order in which the votes will run in Crawford county.

The reason that we believe that Currie will have the plurality of votes in this county is because he is the young men's candidate and they largely predominate in the voting strength of this county. Besides, this is a railroad working point and the railroad and working men are strong for Currie. Loud will probably hold the vote

of every veteran soldier in the county, as well as some of his old time supporters. Glerum is practically unknown here and if he has any votes coming in Crawford county we have not heard of them.

For senator of the 28th District the choice lays between Louis L. Kelley and Angus W. McDouell. It is known that McDouell has several loyal boosters here and no doubt that will get him a majority of the votes.

For the State Legislature, Presque Isle district, it is a fight between Harry H. Whiteley and Merritt Chandler, a young and old man candidate. Both are well qualified for the office and good, clean respectable men. Both have visited Grayling during the campaign and we have had a chance to look them over. Whiteley is 32 years old and Chandler about 75, and there is about the only difference there seems to be in the qualifications of the two men. Chandler was a member of the last Constitutional convention, and Whiteley was a page in the State Legislature and also a messenger for one of our lieutenant governors. That Whiteley will have a majority of the votes in Crawford county seems certain as he has a number of good supporters here.

We believe that any forecast for sheriff of this county would be like drawing out—if we should pick a leading candidate it would only be luck, while to offer an opinion as to the probable winner would be the height of presumption. Here is the list: Ernest P. Richardson, Michael Brenner, William Cody, Leonard Eisenhauer, John Hanna and Ezra W. Haines. Every candidate is hustling and each has his supporters, and so far as the Avalanche is concerned we admit that we can't see where any one candidate has an advantage.

For register of deeds, there is little doubt but that Allen B. Failing has a long lead over Herbert Parker. There is very little contest on the other party tickets, and consequently no conditions nor talk upon which to base an opinion.

The above forecast is made in all fairness, and opinions are based upon true conditions that seem to exist in this county.

In our next issue we hope to publish

a complete tabulated report of the vote in every precinct in this county, and we believe that our readers will find our predictions to be about correct.

In summary, here are the Republican candidates that we believe will carry Crawford county:  
For governor: Grosbeck or Martin.  
For lieutenant governor: Goode.  
For congress: Gilbert A. Currie.  
For state senator: Angus W. McDouell.

For legislature: Harry W. Whiteley.  
For sheriff: Merritt Chandler.  
For register of deeds: Allen B. Failing.

There are no contests in the offices of county clerk, treasurer, prosecuting attorney, circuit court commissioner, surveyor and coroners.



### BASE BALL SCHEDULE.

Grayling vs. American Cash Register Co., of Saginaw, Aug. 22 and 23.

Otsego, Sept. 5, 6, and 7.

#### Opportunity.

Knocks at your door once, and if you will take advantage of it you will go to the Grayling Opera House next Tuesday, Aug. 25, and see the "HOOSIER GIRL," a play full of good cheer, clever acting and full of good wholesome laughs. A complete scenic production is carried, it is an entertainment for everyone. A play that you can bring your sweethearts, wives and mothers with the knowledge that they will see a clean, moral comedy drama.

### BASE BALL

#### Cheboygan-Grayling

In a pitcher's battle here Sunday the Cheboygan team defeated the locals in a fast game 50. Babe Laurant was the pitching artist for the visitors and Goode took the mound for the locals and it would be a hard matter to try and find out which pitched the best ball as both of them were in the best of form. Cheboygan got seven hits and Grayling six but both hits which Dago Laurant got were presents. Luck, however, seemed to be against Goode, and the visitors' were bunched, while the locals had theirs scattered through the entire game. The visitors were strengthened by several men from Bay City, Saginaw, and Detroit, and they played errorless ball. Grayling had men on the bases in nearly every inning and all that was needed was a hit, but in only one instance was the hit present, and that was in the seventh when Dodge singled and Laurant, on second, but the latter was thrown out at the plate and ended what looked like a winning rally.

1st inning: Cheboygan-Schoman singled to right center; Desy sacrificed; Funk to Johnson; Lusher singled to right, scoring Schoman; Laurant was hit by a pitched ball; Dreyer forced Lusher; Crech fanned; Funk; Milligan walked; Goode threw out Laurant. One run; two hits.

Grayling-Brownig doubled into left; Johnson thrown out by Laurant; Crech fanned; Funk fled to left. One hit; no runs.

2nd inning: Cheboygan-Lawler fled to left; Mueller fanned; Crech to Johnson; Schoman out; Goode to Johnson. No hits; no runs.

Grayling-Letkus walked; Haire fanned; Williams fanned; Goode was thrown out by Laurant. No hits; no runs.

3rd inning: Cheboygan-Desy singled to left; Lusher sacrificed; Goode to Johnson; Desy went to third on a bad pitch and scored on an error by Crech; Laurant got a single when Goode and Crech had a head on collision; Dreyer singled through the box; Milligan reached first on Laurant's error; Laurant and Lawler both fouled to Crech. Three hits; one run.

Grayling-Hodge singled over third; Brownig struck out; Johnson hit into a double play. One hit no runs.

4th inning: Cheboygan-Williams threw out Mueller; Crech fanned; Brownig threw out Desy. No hits; no runs.

Grayling-Dago threw out Crech; Funk fled to left; Haire fanned. No hits; no runs.

5th inning: Cheboygan-Lusher out bunting; Crech fanned; Laurant singled; Dreyer hit into a double play. One hit; no runs.

Grayling-Letkus thrown out by Laurant; Williams singled through the box; Goode forced Williams at second; Hodge singled to right; Brownig fanned. Two hits; no runs.

6th inning: Cheboygan-Milligan fouled out to Haire; Laurant struck out; Lawler safe on Brownig's error; Mueller fanned. No hits; no runs.

Grayling-Johnson fled to Desy; Crech walked; Funk hit into a double play. No hits; no runs.

7th inning: Cheboygan-Williams threw out Schoman; Desy fanned; Lusher fouled to Johnson. No hits; no runs.

Grayling-Dago threw out Haire; Letkus walked; Williams threw out Lusher; Crech fanned; Goode threw out at the plate. Two hits; no runs.

8th inning: Cheboygan-Laurant reached second on a bad peg by Brownig; Dreyer thrown out by Goode; Milligan singled to right, scoring Dago, and reached second when Brownig dropped Crech's peg; Laurant and Lawler fanned. One hit; one run.

Grayling-Brownig struck out; Johnson and Crech fled to Schoman. No hits; no runs.

9th inning: Cheboygan-Brownig threw out Mueller; Schoman safe on Funk's error; Desy fled to Brownig.

Lusher forced Schoman at second. No hits, no runs.

Grayling-Funk fled to second. Haire fanned; Letkus out; Laurant to Lawler. No hits; no runs.

Grayling: AB R H O A E  
Brownig's s, 4 0 1 2 3 4  
Johnson 1st, 4 0 0 13 0 0  
Crech c, 3 0 0 7 1 1  
Funk 2nd, 4 0 2 2 2 3  
Haire 1st, 4 0 0 2 0 0  
Letkus c f, 2 0 0 0 0 0  
Williams 2nd, 3 0 1 0 3 0  
Goode p, 3 0 1 0 4 0  
Hodge r f, 3 0 3 0 0 0  
Total, 30 0 6 25 13 6

Cheboygan: AB R H O A E  
Schoman 1st, 5 1 1 3 1 0  
Desy 2nd, 4 1 1 4 2 0  
Mueller 1st, 4 0 1 2 1 0  
W. Laurant 3rd, 3 1 2 0 2 0  
Dreyer c f, 4 0 1 0 0 0  
Milligan c, 3 0 1 10 2 0  
L. Laurant p, 4 0 0 0 4 0  
Lawler 1st, 4 0 0 7 0 0  
Mueller r f, 4 0 0 0 0 0  
Total, 35 3 7 27 11 0

Two base hits: Brownig. Struck out: Goode 6, Laurant 8. Bases on balls: Goode 1, Laurant 3. Double plays: Funk to Johnson; Schoman to Desy to Lawler; Milligan to Desy.  
Hit by pitched ball: W. Laurant.  
Laurant out bunting third strike.

#### NOTES ON THE GAME.

Best crowd of the season. Hawk had four pitchers for the game. Sickles, a southpaw from Port Huron, Rice of Saginaw and Spencer were on the bench.

Both Crech and Goode were hurt in a head on collision when they both tried to grab Dago's attempted bunt.

Don't knock the players, any of them will give you their glove—remember you have the last guess.

Lusher went nearly to the fence in the first after Funk's long drive and got it with his back to the ball.

## AT PRIMARIES NEXT TUESDAY

Republicans Have the Opportunity of Casting a Ballot for the Nomination of



CONGRESSMAN GEO. A. LOUD.

Who Has Faithfully and Well Represented This District.

Congressman Loud has not continued all his efforts to the interests of one or two counties, but has been the energetic and faithful representative of all the counties of his district.

The requests and communications of all of his constituents have received prompt attention.

He has secured more appropriations for public works in his district than any and all other congressmen who have represented it.

The needs of the old soldiers in every county in the district have received his most careful attention.

He is in favor of national aid for all rural route highways, which means a great benefit to all townships in his district, and supported such a bill.

Congressman Loud's platform includes:

A protective tariff, which measures the cost of production at home and abroad.

The regulation of big business to prevent monopoly.

Legislation to prevent the centralization of wealth in a few hands.

A tax to be applied at death of the holder on large estates.

Federal supervision of railroad, express, sleeping car, telephone and telegraph companies.

Conservation of natural resources.

Against any legislation likely to disturb the beet sugar industry.

He always favored primary elections.

#### Record to be Proud Of.

Col. George A. Loud went to Gladwin yesterday. He has long been very popular in Gladwin as he is in other counties in the district he so long and ably represented in congress.

His service in congress was of such a character that it would be eminently to the advantage of the Tenth district to send him to represent it in congress for the ensuing two years.

There will be important measures before the next congress in which the people of the district will be vitally concerned, and the value of an experienced congressional legislator cannot be over-estimated.

Col. Loud stands squarely for a protective tariff. He believes in promoting and encouraging home industry.

The tariff is the basis of the best support that could be sent to the people of congress to represent all of the people of his district in the next congress.

This is the verdict of men who recognize the enormous duties devolving upon a successful congressman. Bay City Tribune, Aug. 6.

## Correspondence

### Beaver Creek Breezes.

Mr. Mahan of Roscommon is staying at the Hotel of place for a short time. Mrs. W. Dume of Detroit, with her three little sons is visiting her sister Mrs. Jens Hanson.

The Farmers' Picnic at the town hall was well attended and everyone had a good time.

A new wooden wire fence has been built around the school and iron gates have replaced the old ones, making a great improvement in the general appearance of the school.

Mr. and Mrs. Mortenson were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Barber Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sewell are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Odell.

#### Lovells.

Miss Nada Lee returned home from Bay City Saturday.

Clifford Arlsted and sister Marion of Ashley are visiting at the home of Nada Lee.

Mrs. Clarence Stillwagon returned home Tuesday after a few days in Frederic.

Mrs. Joseph Douglas of Grayling is visiting at the home of her son, T. E. Douglas.

Joseph Kennedy and brother Douglas returned Tuesday from Detroit.

Mrs. Ira Johnston left Tuesday for a visit with relatives in West Branch.

Ellison Avery moved his family to Frederic Friday.

Mr. Samuel Holback of Detroit is visiting at Underhill's.

Big Surprise to Many in Grayling.

Local people are surprised at the quick results received from simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler'ska, the German appendicitis remedy. A. M. Lewis states that this simple remedy antiseptizes the digestive system and draws off the impurities so thoroughly that a single dose removes sour stomach, gas on the stomach and constipation instantly.

## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

STRAYED—From Waters, Otsego county, Mich., about fifteen head of cattle, marked in the left ear with a round button 1 1/2 inches in diameter, bearing owners' name and address. Also five head with similar button in the right ear and two small holes punched in left ear. All about 2 years old. Suitable reward will be paid for information leading to their return. Notify Henry Stephens & Co., Waters, Mich. 8-20-2.

FOUND—A lady's heavy grayish coat, on the highway. Owner may find name at Brigade headquarters, at the Military camp.

FOUND—This morning on Peninsula Ave., a handkerchief containing clusters of brilliants. Owner call for same at Avalance office.

WANTED—To buy, old leather beds. Also latest improved method of cleaning feathers; feather beds made into mattresses; all kinds of mattresses made over. Sanitary Mattress Works, G. A. R. Hall.

LET US FIGURE with you on your painting, decorating and wall paper. We have it, just what you want. Phone 613 CONRAD G. SORENSON.

WANTED—25 pounds of clean, cotton Wiping Rags at 5c per pound, at the Avalance office.

WANTED—From August 15th to September first, a good clean girl for plain cooking and housework. Address Mrs. John C. Wilson, Grayling, Michigan. Care of Mrs. Fred Irland.

WANTED—Two school girls desire places to work for their board while attending school. Inquire of Supt. A. A. Ellsworth.

FOR SALE—Section of land 4 miles from Grayling. Excellent tract for grazing purposes. Title perfect. Exceptional bargain. Inquire of Glen Smith, Grayling. 8-15-11.

WANTED—Every family in Grayling to order some of our delicious Ice Cream for their Sunday dinners. A. M. Lewis.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms to rent by school girls. Inquire at this office. 2wk.

FOR SALE—Popcorn and peanut machine. In first class condition. Model Bakery.

FOR SALE—4x10; camera, carrying case, tripod and plate holders. Henry Joseph.

## Grayling Opera House

ONE NIGHT ONLY

TUESDAY, AUGUST 25

COHWAL ATTRACTIONS

#### OFFER

The Famous Comedy

Drama

"Hoosier Girl"

Endorsed by Press and

Public Everywhere

Big Scenic Production

4 Acts of

Laughter and Tears

WHO'S YER GAL!

PRICES 25c, 35c, 50c

Seats on sale at Central

Drug Store

## A Man Without Clothes Would Soon Be Locked Up!



But don't worry. There's no need for you to be locked up in this town so long as we are selling suits at their present prices. It's cheaper to buy than to pay the fine. You ought to see our FALL SAMPLES without delay, before too many of the best selections are sold. They are without doubt the best values for the money we have ever offered to our customers, and they are walking right out of our door every day. It's simply a case of SEE AND BUY.

\$13.50

AND UP

SALLING, HANSON CO.

The Pioneer Store.

Established 1878.

### PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,  
The Probate Court for the  
County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling in said county, on the eleventh day of August, A. D. 1914.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John C. McDouell, deceased.

M. C. McDouell, a brother of said deceased, having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to George Burkhardt or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the ninth day of September, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office,

be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON,  
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.  
WELLINGTON BATTERSON,  
Judge of Probate. 8-13-3w.

STRAYED—From my farm near Higgins' lake, bay horse colt, 1 year old, with star in forehead. Finder hold same and notify Paul Riedel, Roscommon, Mich.

## TO THE MOTHERS:

That have little tots, here is your chance. Frank has taken the odds of all his Babies' and Children's Slippers and placed them in his show window in bushels, half bushels or piles as you please to call it.

All 60c for 45c, button or lace, tan or black.

All 50c for 39c.

All 75c and 85c for 59c.

## TO THE LADIES:

Get busy! I have put all the remainder of my summer's surplus stock into the window in heaps.

All \$3.00 and \$3.50 values for \$2.19.

All \$2.50 and \$2.75 Oxfords values for \$1.89.

Think of this, at this time and in the face of higher prices. Don't miss it.

## TO THE SCHOOL BOYS:

Full line of Knickerbocker suits for school. Special announcement next week—just before school.

## Here Is a Chance to Get a Good Pair of Shoes Free

Mothers, step in and get my prices on school shoes. Will it pay you? Well, I leave it to you, mothers. They are pretty good judges. Watch for the guessing contests in Frank's window, the 1st week of school.

## RAINCOATS

I have told you, when asked from time to time, as to bargains, that as soon as I could make a purchase at the price, I would announce the same, which I have done. Every man, woman and young lady wishing a raincoat, this is your opportunity.

\$6.00 Coats for \$3.95.

One line at \$2.69.

FRANK DREESE

See A. Kraus Estate for your

## Fruit Cans

Canning Season is here and we have the cans in

Pints==Quarts==2=Quarts

FARMERS: We have

## Binder Twine

Both Sisel and Manilla.

We carry in stock the

## Paragon Oil Cook Stove

The best oil stove made. Guaranteed not to smoke or smell. Also the

## Detroit Vapor Gasoline Stove

Keep the Flies Off Your Cattle and Horses by Using "COW EASE"

We have just what you want—drive up and will give you a free spray.

## A. Kraus Est.

Paints, Oil, Builders' Supplies  
The Shop in Connection  
Phone No. 1222



## The Leading Brands of Cigars

### Properly Kept.

That's the kind of Cigar Service that we are giving our customers—a genuine pleasure to an appreciative smoker.

### CANDY AND ICE CREAM

Our Candies are not surpassed for purity and deliciousness. If you want something extra fine try some of our "Gilberts" Chocolates.

There is no better nor purer Ice Cream made than that that is served at our fountain.

**A. M. LEWIS.**

### Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 20

### Local News

Phone 881 for reliable auto service. Use our want ad columns—5c per line.

We believe in the man who believes in his home town.

Gottie Kraus arrived home from Detroit on Tuesday morning for a short visit.

Jos. Pfing, of the Avalanche force, spent Sunday with his wife in Grand Rapids.

Miss Sue Doherty of West Branch was a guest of Mrs. L. Schroeder over Sunday last.

Mrs. Samuel Pollack of Detroit arrived on Sunday morning for a few days' visit at the home of her mother, Mrs. A. Kraus.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Carscallen of Selkirk were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Petersen over Sunday last, making the trip by auto.

Victor Petersen, bookkeeper at the R. Hanson & Sons office at LeGrand, is enjoying a two weeks' vacation here at his home.

Miss Edna Rasmussen arrived home from Toledo, Ohio, on Sunday last for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Rasmussen.

Miss Olga Petersen of Detroit is enjoying a visit at her home here. She arrived on Friday afternoon and expects to remain for a month or more.

The Messrs. Murphy and Annis and the Messrs. Curtis and Annis of Sigma spent Sunday here, making a visit to the camp grounds at Portage Lake.

The Messrs. Frida Olson and Sena Ellerson of Detroit arrived on Sunday morning for a two weeks' visit here. They are resorting at Portage Lake for a week.

Master Harold Kraus, who has been visiting his grandmother, Mrs. A. Kraus, for several weeks, returned to his home in Elkhoru, Wisconsin, on Monday afternoon last.

Rev. Dr. Nimmo will hold service and preach in the Danish Lutheran church on Tuesday evening, Aug. 25th, at 7:30 p. m., standard time. The public always welcome.

The Messrs. Louise, Edna and Sarah Kavanagh of Bay City visited their sister, Sister Mary Williams at Mercy Hospital over Sunday last. They also visited Miss Irene Bahlhoff.

Mrs. E. Sorenson returned Tuesday from Michigan and Star City, after a short visit. Her little grandson, Master Howard Robinson of the latter place, accompanied her home.

Mrs. Irving Streeter and daughter, Miss Esther, accompanied by Mrs. Streeter's mother, Mrs. Simmons, returned Saturday after a six weeks' visit in Saginaw and Bay City.

Word has been received here of the birth of a little daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Collins on Friday, Aug. 14, at their home in Schwartz Creek. Mrs. Collins was formerly Desa Goudrow.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Enquire Chris Hoesli. Phone 1084.

### EYE-STRAIN

In itself is bad enough in that it is uncomfortable if nothing more.

If this were the only disadvantage, it would not be so bad, however.

To the child in school it may mean from one to three extra years to make the grades.

To the professional or the business man, the loss of time resulting is costly.

To the busy housewife, that nervous headache can often be traced.

Inefficiency in every walk of life is the price of EYE-STRAIN neglected.

When glasses are needed they are not an expense in the true sense of the word, but are then an investment from which the dividends accruing are incalculable.

We are Eye-Strain Specialists in that we find the cause and relieve same with properly fitted glasses.

**C. J. Hathaway**  
OPTOMETRIST

Order your hard coal of Salling, Hanson Co.

Carl J. Johnson of Chicago is visiting his parents in this city and bringing in Quaway.

Miss Edna Brown arrived home on Monday afternoon from Saginaw, for a two weeks' vacation.

C. E. Bingham and family returned from their trip to Niagara Falls and other cities Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William Woodfield are visiting relatives and friends in Bay City, Flint and other places this week.

Miss Clara Nelson spent a few days in Johannesburg, the guest of Miss Esther Nelson. She returned on Tuesday.

Miss Florence Doty of Grand Rapids arrived today and will spend a week at the home of her sister, Mrs. Schumann.

Primary election is next Tuesday. Also voters who are not registered may do so that day at their respective voting places.

Miss Anna Olson, who was a guest of Rhena Alstrom for several days, returned to her home in Mancelona on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Nelson drove over in their auto from Lewiston Sunday and attended the Grayling-Chiboygan ball game.

The village tax roll is now at the bank of Grayling, in the hands of the treasurer, and taxes may be paid there at any time.

Clyde Wilks of the Drs. Ingle & Keppert office entertained his mother, Mrs. P. Wilks of Elmira, from Friday until Tuesday last.

Mrs. E. Elker, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hans Anderson for weeks, left for her home in Newark, N. Y., Tuesday last.

Now is the time to order your winter supply of hard coal. Your order placed now will assure you delivery in proper season. Salling, Hanson Co.

Miss Grace Carpenter returned to her home in Lewiston on Monday morning after a several weeks' visit with her cousin, Miss Fern Armstrong.

John Hanna was in Lansing first of the week to meet with the State Board of Equalization. Mr. Hanna was selected at the last meeting of the County Board of Supervisors to represent Crawford county at this meeting.

Attorney General Grant Fellows was in Grayling at the Avalanche office and other places in the city Saturday. He spent the remainder of the day and Sunday at the military camp as a guest of Major Pepper and his wife.

Rev. Fr. Schumacker, who has been in charge of St. Mary's church here during the absence of Rev. Riess, left Monday for Big Rapids, where he will become chaplain of the hospital in that city. Rev. Riess is expected to return this week.

Miss Blanche Nichols returned last Saturday to her home in Toronto. She was accompanied as far as Detroit by her aunt, Mrs. J. Bobenmeyer, who returned home this morning, and Miss Amelia Karpus, who will spend her two weeks' vacation in that city.

Miss Florence Smith, who spent several weeks here visiting, returned to her home in West Branch on Sunday morning. She was accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Angus McPhee, who will spend a week in that city. The latter's daughter, Miss Lucile, who spent a couple of weeks in Bay City, will return home with her mother the latter part of the week.

Last week one day when Wm. Cody and Harry Pond were driving their autos to Frederic they discovered some broken glass in one of the tracks, and upon investigation found 24 empty beer bottles buried in the track.

Just the tops were near the surface, and a heavy wagon had recently passed along the road and nearly every bottle was broken at the neck. Cody found one of his tires badly cut, and others only slightly damaged, and the accident who did the contemptible act is probably still at liberty.

The "HOOSIER GIRL," a Yankee Doodle Comedy Drama in four big acts, comes to the Grayling Opera house one night only, Tuesday, Aug. 25. It is an expert act, staged with taste, elegance of tone, above the average, clean and lively, designed to please all classes that visit the theatre. The "HOOSIER GIRL" is now in its tenth season and during that time has pleased more than one million people. The company carries its own equipment of a special scenery, and an evening spent at the Opera House next Aug. 25 will be thoroughly enjoyed.

This is the last issue of the Avalanche before the primaries, and we suggest that our readers give careful consideration to the announcements that have appeared in this paper and elsewhere. The conservative voter will make few, if any, campaign promises, but when it comes to the polls, he will have weighed up the candidates and then cast his vote for the men best qualified for the various offices. The men elected finally will become the community's hired servants and we should choose them as carefully as we would men to conduct our most important business affairs.

Albert Palmer and Mrs. Emma Purdy, brother and sister of Oscar Palmer, returned to their respective homes on Friday last, after several weeks of pleasant visit at the "Palmer house." Mr. Palmer is 89 years old and Mrs. Purdy 83. The former lives in Belle Plain, Neb., and the latter in Keokuk, Ia. Were it not for a little rheumatic trouble, Mr. Palmer would be as spry and active as the Doctor. His mental faculties are excellent, in spite of his advanced age, and he is a conservative reader, and is much better posted upon affairs of the times than the average citizen.

A lot of individual complaints have come to us of the department of some of the soldiers. These boys are on an outing as well as serving the state, and that they should have a good time is only natural. Should they make more noise on our streets than we are accustomed to hear, what's the difference? Some of them are liable to jolly a pretty girl, but in rare cases is there any insult or assault unless invited. In almost any part of the civilized world a lady will receive just the treatment that her conduct merits. As in all underdeveloped races, this may have its exceptions, in which case such matters are being promptly looked after by the military and local civic authorities.

Warning.

The people are hereby warned to keep off of the military reservation lands at Portage Lake next week, as there will be artillery firing. Live shells will be used and it will be exceedingly dangerous.

For First Class Library and Heavy Work call Peter Jorgenson, Phone 85. Open day and night.

A couple of men last evening on their way home from town to T-towu cao were held up by two highway men and their money, which amounted to \$2.25, taken from them.

The parties who dug and carried away the potatoes from the Salling, Hanson Co. patch near the mill requested to call at the office and pay for them, or else return the potatoes.

Lightning started havoc at the mill camp Monday night. About ten o'clock Capt. Patterson, while crossing the parade grounds, saw a streak of lightning tearing its way through the grass and was struck in the foot, knocking him over backward. He was not injured, but his gun was knocked over a short distance. The two telephone operators were knocked off a box. Capt. Patterson was in an office tent when a bolt of lightning struck him on the right wrist and was considerably dazed for some time and his arm and hand are still somewhat numb. Fortunately the injuries were of no consequence. Lightning struck one of the stables and "Hobbs," a horse belonging to one of the staff officers was knocked down and his usefulness during the remainder of the encampment is over. There were about 100 horses in the stables at the time and a general stampede ensued. The lights were out and it took heroic efforts on the part of the stable men to quiet them.

FOR SALE—Nice gentle mare 3 years old last June, broke single, perfectly gentle, not afraid of anything; 1 new single wagon, double box and seat; 1 single buggy; 1 single harness; 1 pair harness and tugs; 1 pair single heavy bob sleds with box. Will sell the outfit at half price, for cash. Make me an offer. E. G. Shaw.

PRETTY MILITARY PARTY

Grayling Social Club Hosts to Officers of M. N. G.

The Grayling Social Club entertained with a military party in honor of the officers and their ladies of the Michigan National Guard, at the opera house last evening. The national colors had been artistically arranged by Henry Joseph in the form of a canopy, covering the entire ceiling of the room. Above the entrance was a flag made of crepe paper, in the center of which were the letters, M. N. G. The stage was trimmed in small pine trees and flags. The dining room was also trimmed in the red, white and blue and was exceedingly effective with the long tables covered with white cloths and with flags placed through the center of them.

In the receiving line were General Kirk and staff, other officers of the Guard and their ladies and other out-of-town guests.

At 9:30 o'clock Clark's orchestra struck up a lively waltz and it was a pretty sight, indeed, to see the many dancers moving in time with the music. During the evening the guests were entertained by two selections beautifully sung by Mrs. Carl Michelson of Mason; also two splendidly rendered selections by Mrs. Vandewater of Jackson. Miss Marie Wolf of St. Louis, Miss Ann and Cecil Olson of factory dancing and proved herself to be a very clever and graceful little dancer.

At 12:30 o'clock everyone was invited to the dining room, where a dainty two-course lunch was served by several young ladies. Those present from out of town, including the military party were, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Welch of Saginaw; Mr. and Mrs. E. Hartwick of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Michelson of Detroit; Mrs. Vandewater of Jackson; Mrs. Maloney of Sault Ste. Marie; Miss Meade of Detroit; the Messrs. Ryan of Saginaw and Mrs. Wolf and daughter Marie of St. Louis, Mo.

Program for Band Concert Friday Evening at Grand Stand.

Overture, "The Amazon".....Kiesler  
Valse Orientale, "Moonlight on the Nile".....King  
A Reel, "Keep Your Feet Out of the Sand".....Barnard  
Song, "When You Play in the Game of Love" Words and music by Leo Feist. Sung by Einar Rasmussen, with band accompaniment.

Words and music by Witmark & Sons, New York. Sung by Einar Rasmussen, with band accompaniment.

Overture, "Golden Fleece".....C. Lavalles  
March.....Col. Roosevelt  
Good Night.

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Card of Thanks.

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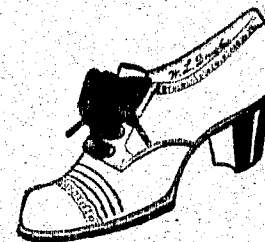
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## Fundamental Principles of Health

By ALBERT S. GRAY, M.D.

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### WHEAT FLOUR.

Of the protein substances used for food none is of more importance than those contained in wheat. Next to rice, it is today the most largely used grain.

The wheat berry is a fruit and not a seed. The actual wheat seed is the germ or embryo, a kidney-shaped body which is found at the base of the berry and connected with the root through the placenta, which is in effect a cord joining the berry with its stalk. Botanists distinguish six skins on the wheat berry—epicarp, mesocarp, endocarp, epispem, tegmen and perispem.

Wrapped up and thoroughly sealed within these many skins lies the floury kernel, the endosperm, in intimate contact with the outer skin. The endosperm consists of starch granules held in a network of minute fibers of gluten. This glutinous portion is of great importance to the baker, because on its quantity and quality depends the "strength" or raising power of the flour.

The placenta serves to filter the food which the plant sucks up from the ground. First the mineral and gluten skeleton is formed and then the berry fattens by extracting out of the air under action of sunlight the carbon necessary to build up the starches and sugar. A good deal of the matter filtered by the placenta is mineral in nature and such portions as are not digested remain in the crease. A grain of wheat is composed approximately as follows: Water, 12 per cent; protein, 13 per cent; fat, two per cent; carbohydrates, 71 per cent; mineral salts, two per cent. These mineral salts consist of potassium, sodium, calcium, magnesium, iron, phosphorus, sulphur, silicon, chlorine, iodine and manganese.

Until recent years the whole berry was broken up and triturated in one operation, and the flour necessarily contained a large proportion of bran particles, in which cerealin, an active digestive constituent, was present in very sensible proportions.

The patent roller process crushes the berry in such a manner as to chip off the woody skins and flatten the germ. Thus their removal by mechanical means is made easily possible. In this way is removed from the floury starch granules the bulk of the mineral matter and the digestive ferments. This makes a better keeping flour and gives clear, white bread and cakes of fine texture, very attractive to the eye.

Moisture and the diastase cause the catalyzers to work and digest or decompose the flour. It is in just this difference between the contents of the whole wheat berry and the flour from which "the staff of life" is made that undoubtedly will be found the key to much of our trouble. It is admitted that neuroasthenia—"Americanitis," as it is jokingly called by the rest of the world—is due to some type of "mal-nutrition," meaning, in plain English, starvation—a lack of balance between the energy expended and that developed. How much of this is due to our devitalized food? Hunt reports in Bulletin 59, hygienic laboratory, United States treasury department: "In extreme cases mice after having been fed on certain diets recovered from forty times the dose of acetonitrile fatal to mice kept on other diets. It is, moreover, possible to alter the resistance of these animals at will, and to overcome the effects of one diet by combining it with another"—the point here was working to establish being that unnatural diets lower resistance and restoring the diet balance raises resistance.

We do not know much about digestion; we do not know much about the cause of many diseases—cancer, for instance. Cancer is on a steady increase and no man has yet been able to demonstrate the cause; but when the cause is located it will, undoubtedly, prove to be closely related to some slight form of starvation, as is our other scourge—tuberculosis.

The future field of medicine lies along the lines not of determining how many organs may be removed from mankind without immediate destruction of life, not in discovering the par-

(icular remedy required to overcome the distress resulting from some diseased condition, but in determining and teaching men so to live that they may prevent the lowered resistance that makes them subject to disease—how to maintain normal resistance to disease.

### INERT FOOD.

Life in the furnace giving out life conserving heat into the house means that something has to be continually "dying" in the furnace. For to maintain that heat some form of potential energy has got to be continuously released in the furnace, and this is achieved by digesting, or decomposing, or in plain English, by burning coal or some other form of carbon in the firebox. Whether it be in your furnace or in your own body, in the wheat plant or in the single-celled amoeba, life is a continuous process of dying.

All organic life exists in a state of continuous decomposition and rebuilding, a perpetual state of mutation. What is true of the fire is equally true of ourselves, the principles being identical. As soon as decomposition ceases, reconstruction ceases; as soon as we cease dying, we cease living. Life in man, plant, amoeba or the furnace is merely vibration, an individual transformation of potential energy that varies only in degree.

All living matter contains substances of peculiar molecular structure and composition far more complex than any compounds found in inorganic nature. But the difference between these organic and inorganic substances is only a difference of degree, and many of the most characteristic of the substances have been artificially made in the chemical laboratory.

Built up out of the commonest elements on the surface of the earth these organic compounds are grouped into three classes: Carbohydrates (sugar, starch and cellulose), fats and proteins. Of these three compounds the proteins are by far the most important, for while the molecule of fat, or carbohydrate, consists entirely of various combinations of the three elements, carbon, hydrogen and oxygen, the protein molecule always contains, in addition, nitrogen and sulphur.

The carbohydrate and the fat, so far as we know, appear to be only heat and energy-giving compounds exactly equivalent to the coal we burn in the furnace or in the firebox of a steam engine. But the proteins have at least a double function to perform and probably others we have not yet grasped—for not only must they supply energy but also the structural material, the brick, stone, mortar, iron and other inorganic material out of which our bodies are composed.

It is no more possible for us to maintain our bodies in health without a generous supply of these inorganic elements than it would be for us to keep a gasoline engine running for an indefinite period of years by merely feeding it gasoline. Common sense tells us that the engine must be taken to the shop every so often and the worn parts renewed if we are to secure continuous action or any sort of efficiency from the oil consumed.

All organic life rests on one fundamental and vital fact, which is that the seed bearing plants have, with few known exceptions, the exclusive power of absorbing energy directly from the inorganic under the stimulus of sunlight. In the action of chlorophyll (the green coloring matter of plant life analogous to the red coloring matter in human blood) in sunlight undoubtedly lies the key to the mystery of life. But with the sublime assurance of ignorance we step in and deliberately break this cycle of life by discarding elements that offend our coarse sense or that interfere with our business.

If, for instance, wheat flour will not keep, we remove the bran, the woody matter and the mineral salts, together with a portion of the protein matter and the germ; it makes a much whiter and lighter bread, anyway, and the experts tell us that it is more digestible, too; and besides, the "insoluble by-products" make fine food for stock. Cattle, chickens and other forms of

Evidently these "waste products" have a very profound influence on the metabolism of the lower forms of life, but it is argued that that has nothing to do with man. We are still hitched to the idea that man is a thing apart from all the rest of creation and that if anything becomes the matter with his machine it is because an evil spirit gets in and he must pour some vile tasting combination down his throat to drive the evil thing out. Meantime the fact that some fifteen millions of our nineteen-odd million children enrolled in the schools are shown to be more or less physically defective from insufficient building material supplied in their food, and the fact that we are experiencing a constantly increasing economic loss through the premature death of our matured lives, do not appear to be so important to us as that we shall have nice white foods that will keep.

spaces are at present blank; they can be filled with characters when that becomes necessary.

The sender of the telegram writes his message in the ordinary manner. The operator knows the numbers of most of the characters. If there are any of which he is ignorant, he finds them in the catalogue. Each number is composed of four Morse numerals; for example, 59130013,0414 signifies Yuan Shi-Kai, the name of the president of the Chinese Republic. It follows, then, that the ten Morse numerals will serve to telegraph 9,999 different Chinese characters!—YOUTH'S Companion

Why the Boiler Rumbles. That noisy rumbling and clattering in the kitchen boiler after the gas water heater has been lighted for some time has scared many a woman. The editor of Monthly Gas Chat says it need alarm no one, as it is caused by the expansion of the water as it is heated from the top of the boiler. The cold or water below, rushing up to displace the expanded water above, will often cause a concussion.

## FEW WRECKS IN INDIA

RAILROADS MADE REMARKABLE RECORD DURING 1913.

Only Three Passengers Met Death, From Causes Which Were Beyond the Control of the Managers of the Lines.

The Indian railroads carried something over 400,000,000 passengers in the year 1913, considering which their record of but three passengers killed from causes beyond their own control is very remarkable. This figure out of less than 0.01 per million passengers carried, an average of one in 5,000,000,000 miles traveled. The really serious wrecks in all the history of Indian railroading may be numbered on one's fingers, and it is a remarkable fact that most of these have been due to natural causes rather than negligence. One of the worst troubles to guard against in India is from the expansion of the rails due to the intense heat. This, of course, as elsewhere, allowed for in construction, but it is not always practicable to leave a sufficient interval between the rails. The accompanying photograph shows what



Distortion of Rails Caused by Intense Heat—This Often Results in Serious Train Wrecks.

may happen in such a case. In this instance the trouble was discovered in time to prevent disaster.—Popular Electricity.

## GOVERNMENT TO OWN ROADS

British Lawmakers Are Shortly to Consider a Scheme for Reaching in Its Effects.

The movement for nationalization of British railroads has taken definite shape in a bill which will shortly be laid before parliament.

It proposes to set up a ministry for posts and railroads, the minister to have an official salary of \$10,000 per annum. The minister would absorb the powers, duties and property vested in the postmaster general, whose office would be abolished.

Power is to be given to the minister to purchase any railroad on giving three months' notice of such intention. The purchase price is fixed at 20 times the average annual profits, as determined by the board of trade in its annual return during the three years preceding such purchase.

The purchase price is to be paid in state railroad stock, guaranteed at 3 1/2 per cent. The stock is to be redeemable at par by annual drawings, commencing three months after issue, by means of a sinking fund sufficient to redeem the entire loan within sixty-three years.

Provision is made for a railroad board, to consist, in the first instance, of two members appointed by the minister and one each by the board of trade and the treasury. The board is to hold office for five years. There is also to be an unpaid council, whose members are to be elected for three-year terms. It would consider and advise upon all questions of general improvement, reductions or increases of rates and fares, wages, the creation and amendment of by-laws and regulations.

Scrap Material Gathered Up. According to the Railway Gazette, an American railroad recently sent a train over its system to collect scrap material and odds and ends of every kind, the train carrying a divisional superintendent and his staff. Scrap and obsolete material were collected to the amount of 147 carloads, valued at \$42,000, and after deducting the cost of labor, train expenses, etc., there was a net gain of \$39,000.

Showing the conditions, 12 bottles of ink were found at a small station where one bottle would suffice for a year, and at another point 50 non-insulated bridge rods were found at a station on territory which was track-circuited throughout. Useless at such points these materials were serviceable elsewhere.

Goes on the Honor Roll. Dennis J. Cassin, seventy years old, inscribed his name on the roll of fame—has been an engineer of the New York Central railroad for 50 years and has never had an accident. He is about to retire because he is eligible and because, as he puts it, he would not give up his throttle to be a motor-man for \$1,000 a week on an electric road. Be sure, also, that it was not an accident that Cassin spent 50 years of his career as an engineer without an accident. Write it down also that his work was not supervised by an efficiency expert.

Paper Shows Broken Rails. Joseph H. Gardside of Philadelphia has patented a device which attaches strips of paper to railroad rails throughout their lengths. These strips will be broken by a passing train if the rail be defective and thus plainly indicate to the track-walker the defects in the rail.

Seeking the Source. Deacon (to vicar in vestry)—Are you suffering from a cold, sir? Vicar—No. Why do you ask? Deacon—Well, there's about a dozen cough lozenges in the collection plate.—London Opinion.

Knows Better Now. Witely—Do you recollect that once when we had a quarrel I said you were just as mean as you could be? Hubby—Yes, my dear. Witely—Oh, Tom, how little did I know you then

## HOME IN THE ENGINE CAB

"Messengers" in Charge of New Locomotives Have a Lonely Life for a Few Weeks.

Long before the engine driver takes charge of a new locomotive and starts it on its first run, another man occupies the cab and makes it his home, often for weeks at a time. This man is the "messenger" sent out by the manufacturer to look after the locomotive and see that it is delivered in good condition to the purchasing railroad at the point specified in the contract. After a locomotive is finished it is first given a trial run by the maker, and if this proves satisfactory the machine is "stripped," which means simply that the driving rods and some of the other moving parts are removed and stored in the tender, and the engine is then ready for shipment. Often it has to be hauled for hundreds of miles over other roads before it reaches the purchasing road, and on this, its first trip, it goes as freight in a slow freight train, on its own wheels but not under its own power. With the bearings all new, there is constant danger that they will "run hot" and it is the principal duty of the messenger to watch out for this danger and prevent it, but there are many other troubles that may develop and the messenger must be on watch every minute his charge is moving. The cab is boarded up, provided with a door, and is equipped with a small cook stove, table and bunk. Here the messenger cooks and eats his meals, and sleeps when he has a chance. Provisions are carried in the tender. It takes a new locomotive about eight days to get from Philadelphia to Kansas City and 45 days to get to California, much of this time being taken up by delays at division points where the locomotive must be taken from one train and placed in another. One messenger usually looks after two locomotives when more than one are shipped in the same train.—Popular Mechanics.

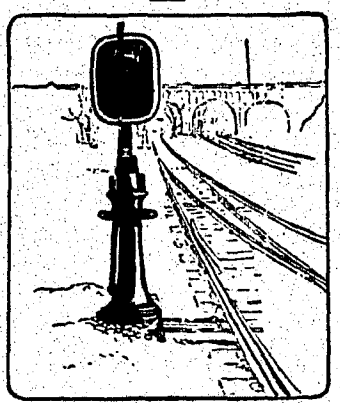
## BLOSSOMS ALONG THE LINE

English Railroad Encourages Its Employees to Cultivate Gardens and the Men Are Enthusiastic.

Flower gardens, from Whitechapel to Walham Green, on the District railroad, will shortly burst into blossom wherever there is a space open to the air and sun, reports the London Daily News.

At the ends of platforms, outside the mouths of tunnels, in sidings, under signal boxes, on every available inch of space along the line where the sun can penetrate, the District railroad servants, from inspectors to plate-layers, have cultivated among them between twenty and a hundred little flower gardens, for the best among which the directors are this year offering \$185 in prizes. "We encourage these railroad track gardens," said Mr. W. E. Blake, superintendent of the line, "because we want to cultivate tidiness among our men and make our line as attractive to passengers as possible. Each amateur gardener is given \$1.25 and the necessary mold, with the stipulation that he grows flowers only and no vegetables, as the idea of the gardens is purely decorative. Some of the gardens thrive amidst most unpromising surroundings. There is a brilliant little flower garden at Whitechapel, another at Aldgate, while several well-tended plots provide a pleasant spot of color at the Mansion House station. Between the ends of the platforms and the mouths of the tunnels at South Kensington, there is a most ambitious example of landscape gardening. The gardens are inspected at the end of July, when the directors spend six hours in a tour of inspection in a special train."

## TARGET EASILY SEEN



By painting a white border about the green target on switches, the Pennsylvania railroad is promoting the safety-first movement, as the target is more readily seen against the background of trees and bushes when painted in this manner. The red target is not changed, as it is easily seen without the addition of a border.—Popular Mechanics.

Like the W. K. Collar Button. "I had been chosen as best man at my 'pal's' wedding and I had to hand the wedding ring to the minister, who in turn was to place it on the bride's finger," writes a correspondent of the Chicago Tribune. "On the eventful day when it was time for me to perform my part of the ceremony, I fumbled the ring and it never stopped until it had rolled under the benches. There was nothing else for me to do but get down and crawl under the seats for that elusive circle, much to the amusement of the spectators and to my great embarrassment."

Certainly. "A hen raised at Cornell university has laid 600 eggs in three years," remarked the Little Brown Rooster. "Well, that shows the advantages of having a college education," replied the Little Red Hen.

Versatile. The "tenor" colleagues were arranging the double quartet. "Can you sing second bass?" asked the leader. "Yes, and play it too," replied the freshman.—Judge.

## The KITCHEN CABINET

Don't think you have a corner on the trouble market. I could mention several varieties you've never even heard of. What you need is the philosophy of cheerful endurance. Then you will begin to accomplish.—Lloyd.

### GOOD THINGS FOR THE TABLE.

A fine bread for picnics or for sandwiches to use at any time is the following:

Raisin and Nut Bread.—Take a cupful of molasses, a cupful of sour milk, a half teaspoonful of salt, a cup of raisins, a half cupful of walnut meats, chopped and a teaspoonful of soda, mix with three and a half cupfuls of graham flour, bake one hour.

Golden Loaf Cake.—Cream two-thirds of a cupful of butter, add one and a fourth cupfuls of sugar; beat the yolks of eight eggs until creamy, add a teaspoonful of cream of tartar and beat until stiff. Sift two and a half cupfuls of pastry flour with a half teaspoonful of soda three times, then add the yolks, then two-thirds of a cupful of milk and the flour. Flavor with vanilla, beat hard and bake in a tube pan.

Delicate Cake.—Cream three-fourths of a cupful of butter, add two cupfuls of sugar, three cupfuls of pastry flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and alternating with a cupful of sweet milk in the mixing, fold in the whites of six eggs at the last. See that the flour and baking powder are well mixed, flavor with vanilla.

Chopped dates added to a fudge filling for cake is so good that it is often called for.

To Can String Beans.—Mix together a quart of salt, a pint of sugar and a quart of beans, cut ready for salting, pack in a jar, cover with a plate and place a weight on it. The liquor will rise and cover the beans. Before cooking soak the beans five hours in cold water, changing the water five times. Beans so canned will be fresh and most delicious all winter.

Canned Tomatoes.—This method is also good to preserve tomatoes for salads in the winter time. Put a cupful of salt in a gallon of water and drop the whole, firm, peeled, tomatoes in the boiling water and scald through, take out while firm and pack in jars. They will make their own juice to cover; but must be carefully sealed in sterilized jars.

Real joy comes not from ease or riches or from the praise of men, but from doing something worth while.

What this world needs is men and women great enough to be small enough to be used.

### THE CHILDREN'S FRUIT.

Peaches are good enough not to disagree with the precious little people so they are rightly called their fruit. Like all fruits they should be perfect to give to children, ripe, fresh and perfectly clean. It is most wholesome at its best which is right from the tree when its melting sweetness will even make stale grown-ups feel the joy of living.

Peaches are especially good in combination with other foods as fruits and nuts.

A dainty dessert which will be easy to prepare and which the children may enjoy is:

Peach Canape.—Cut rounds from nice sponge cake, sprinkle with a little peach juice and lay on halves of peaches with the hollow filled with whipped cream flavored with a dash of almond extract. Chopped almonds sprinkled over them add to the taste.

Peach Sherbet.—Peel and remove pits and remove the kernels of three, add these to a quart of water and cook 20 minutes, strain and add enough more water to make a quart, add two cupfuls of sugar, cook this 20 minutes, then add half a teaspoonful of gelatin softened in a little cold water and strain. When cold add the juice of a lemon and the peach pulp which has been finely mashed through a sieve. Freeze as usual.

Peach Ice Cream.—Cut up and put through a ricer enough peaches to make a cupful and a half. Add the juice of a lemon and a cupful and a fourth of sugar. Turn into a freezer then add a pint of thin cream and when turned out surround with quartered peaches, sprinkled with powdered sugar and platechic nuts chopped fine.

The Truth. She—I don't see why I ever married you. He—Oh, you were glad enough to get anybody, I guess. You were no young bird when I married you. She—No, but considering what I got, I was an early bird.

Before and After. Before she is married a girl wants to be somebody's darling. Afterward she appears to desire to be somebody's boss.

Where Shakespeare Helped. "I always am there during the winter," said the manager of the Pucktown opera house. "You think the public demands it." "Nope. But it helps business in the long run. It makes 'em appreciate 'Tishe Tom's Cabin' and 'Ten Nights in a Barroom.'"

Talent of Success. The talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well without a thought of fame.—Longfellow.

My wife is one of the best women on this continent, although she isn't always as gentle as a lamb with mint sauce.—Artemus Ward.

She alone is master of her art who has nothing left to throw away.

### FOR DAINTY DINERS.

Where the rich, good flavored hickory nut is to be procured, there are many delightful ways of combining it with other foods.

Hickory Nuts and Cheese.—Beat to a cream one tablespoonful of butter, then add six tablespoonfuls of cream cheese. Mix thoroughly, adding a little oil if necessary to make it creamy. Have ready, a cupful of hickory nut meats well broken; mix with the cheese; season with salt, pepper, and a little lemon juice; make in balls and serve on lettuce leaves as a salad.

Popped Corn Pudding.—Scald three cupfuls of milk and pour two cupfuls of popped corn which has been finely pounded and let stand one hour. Add three eggs slightly beaten, one cupful of brown sugar, one tablespoonful of butter, a few dashes of salt, stir and pour into a buttered pudding dish. Bake thirty-five minutes in a slow oven and serve with cream and maple syrup.

Meatloaf Steak.—Pound round steak with a wooden potato masher until the meat is thin. Cut in uniform pieces, lay on a small bit of uncooked bacon, a little chopped onion, season well, roll up and tie and cook in a baking pan with a little butter for an hour.

Macaroni Custard.—Soak ten macaronis in a quart of a cupful of orange juice. When well softened add the yolks of two eggs, beaten lightly, one and a half cupfuls of milk, two tablespoonfuls of sugar and one tablespoonful each of dry macaroni crumbs and bread crumbs. Butter a shallow pudding dish, turn in the custard and cook in hot water, covered, twenty minutes. When half done, beat the whites of the eggs, add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of lemon juice and pile lightly on the custard. Serve cold.

Peach and Tapioca.—Soak a half cupful of tapioca, add a cupful of sugar, salt and a pint of water, cook until clear, then add a pint of peaches cut in halves, in layers with the tapioca in a baking dish. Bake until brown. Serve with cream.

He caught the grass to grow for the cattle, and herb for the service of man, that he may bring forth food out of the earth.—Ps. 144.

From the plenteous that waits on one life, falls a crumb that stays the craving of another.

### GOOD EATING.

Bananas in hot bacon fat and served with crisp curled bacon on the same platter make a good dish. Dust the bananas with cayenne just before serving.

Cherry Sherbet.—Take a cupful of cherry syrup left from canned fruit, add the juice of half a lemon, a cupful of sugar and a pint of thin cream; freeze as usual.

Apple and Pepper Sauce.—Cut up ripe, tart apples in thick slices in layers with green peppers, also sliced, sprinkling each layer with salt, using a half cupful of salt to half a dozen peppers and every dozen apples. Tie a teaspoonful each of crushed cloves, mace, pepper corns and nasturtium seeds in a muslin bag. Drop it into three pints of vinegar and bring to the boiling point. Add a cup of sugar and pour boiling hot over the apples. Repeat this for six mornings; on the seventh put over the fire and cook for half an hour. Remove the spice bag and fill into jars while hot.

Brook Trout Baked in Cream.—Brook trout is a dish which is hard to spoil, but this combination is surely worth trying. Butter a baking dish, lay in the well-dressed trout and cover with a rich sweet cream. Put into the oven to heat slowly, then to brown. Serve in the dish in which it is baked. Season late in the cooking, so that the cream will not curdle.

A most refreshing salad for a hot day is salmon, celery, a few sliced hard-cooked eggs and a good dressing. The celery gives it such a crisp, nice flavor. A bit of sour pickle finely chopped adds to the flavor, also.

Nellie Maxwell.

The Kindly Falsehood. "I like a man who is absolutely truthful." "But a line must be drawn somewhere. You couldn't have respect for a dentist, who wouldn't even promise not to hurt you."

Not That Way. "Have you ever been in jail before?" demanded the judge. "No, your honor, honestly, never!" "Of course, you haven't, honestly. Few men get there that way."

Would Have Lost It. The famous author was sitting in the clubhouse of an eighteen-hole golf course near London, when a very angry golfer returned from a game. "I've lost sixteen balls today on a golf course," he exclaimed. "Sixteen?" "Ah," Mr. du Maurier remarked quietly, "then you didn't play the last two holes."

Contentment. Contentment finds its fullest expression in a lazy man who is seeking his work done by somebody else.

## The Seamless Robe

By REV. GEORGE E. GUILLE  
Bible Teacher, Eastern District  
Muddy Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT.—Then the soldiers, when they had crucified Jesus, took his garments and made four parts, to every soldier a part; and also his coat; now the coat was without seam, woven from the top throughout. They said therefore among themselves, Let us not rend it, but cast lots for it, whose it shall be. John 19:23-24.

The only legacy of material things which Jesus Christ left on earth was his garments. And these, being the common costume of a Galilean, displayed his poverty and the simplicity of his life. Though he was God, by whom "were all things made" and who "upholdeth all things by the word of his power," as man he wore the clothing of a poor artisan.

Do "ye know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though he was rich, yet for your sakes he became poor, that ye through his poverty might be rich?"

It was customary for the Roman soldiers, who officiated at an execution, to take the garments of their victim as a fee. But, though a Roman custom, unknown in David's time, it was written by him in the XXII Psalm, "They part my garments among them, and cast lots upon my vesture," and in the words following the text it is explained that what the soldiers did was "that this scripture might be fulfilled."

So the spirit of God writes it down as a part of Holy Scripture, that whenever the story of the cross is told, the story of Jesus' vesture must be told also, for that seamless robe that robe who can doubt? The full heart of the prophet sings of it, in Isaiah 61:10, "I will greatly rejoice in the Lord, my soul shall be joyful in my God; for he hath clothed me with the garments of salvation, he hath covered me with the robe of righteousness." This is that "best robe" which the father puts upon the prodigal to displace the rags of the far country and to make him fit for the father's house.

Here, then, is set forth in a figure that which elsewhere in Scripture is clearly stated, "He hath made him to be sin for us who knew no sin, that we might be made the righteousness of God in him" (II Cor. 5:21). The seamless robe is but the same old story which in so many tongues our God so joyfully tells.

For Whom Provided.

And for whom is this robe provided? For his enemies. The soldiers whose hands are stained with his blood, who with wicked insults have nailed him to the awful cross—to them his "vesture" falls. "When we were enemies we were reconciled to God by the death of his son" (Rom. 5:10).

The sandal tree perfumes when risen The ax that laid it low—So.

The very spear that pierced His side, Drow forth the blood to save.

And I whose sins have sent the sinless one to that cross, find in him a covering for all my shameful, moral nakedness, and the perfect answer to all the guilt of my sin.

How Provided.

The means by which "the robe of righteousness" is provided are pictured in Eden. Adam and Eve have "sowed fig leaves together, and made themselves aprons." Awakened to the shame which sin has wrought they would by their own efforts patch up the ruin. With their own sinful hands they would cover the nakedness which sin has made manifest, and so make themselves fit for the presence of God. But not by that miserable invention can they stand before him. And in grace he comes to provide garments for them. "Unto Adam also and to his wife did the Lord God make coats of skins, and clothed them" (Gen. 3:21).

Here is the first emergence of the truth of vicarious atonement: those animals must needs die, their blood must be shed, in order to provide a covering in which the man and the woman could be accepted of God. And it is God who did it! With his own hands he made those "coats of skins."

Who Receives It.

In Proverbs 16:33 it is written: "The lot is cast into the lap, but the whole disposing thereof is of the Lord." That is, the casting of the lot meant that the choice was in God's hands. What, then, is his "disposing" as to this robe of righteousness? Let the apostle answer: "But now the righteousness of God without the law is manifested being witnessed by the law and the prophets; even the righteousness of God which is by the faith of Jesus Christ unto all and upon all them that believe" (Rom. 3:21-22).

The righteousness of God is offered to all, it is put upon the believer; held out to every man, given to whoever will receive it. I, who have no righteousness of my own, do but look upon that blessed one hanging on the cross and say, "It was for me—The son of God loved me and gave himself for me," and thus receiving him by faith am "made the righteousness of God in him."

No angel can say "Christ is my righteousness," but the poorest, feeblest believer in him can say it.

O soul, hast thou this robe? What is useful is beautiful—Gleanings.

## RESEMBLES A CODE SYSTEM

Ingenuous Telegraphic Idea in China to Overcome Difficulties of the Language.

It might well seem impossible to send a telegram in a written language that has no alphabet, but it is made up of a vast number of characters, no two of which are alike. Not only is the Chinese language composed of several thousand different characters, but there are so many dialects spoken in China that there are more than a hundred ways of pronouncing each character, although the written language is uniform throughout the country. How is it possible to send a telegram in such a land and such a language? The difficulty has been very ingeniously overcome, and it is now easier and less expensive to send a telegram in Chinese than in French.

In every telegraphic office in China there is a dictionary or special code, in which the written characters are listed and numbered. There are places for 9,999 characters, but a number of



## NAMES CAUSE OF CONFUSION

Incident That Was Embarrassing  
Alike to Newspaper Man and Lady  
He Was Sent to Interview.

Names can produce sometimes a great deal of confusion. As when Florence D. White, now one of the head men of the New York World, went to a hotel in St. Louis when he was a reporter on the Post Dispatch to see a woman on business.

His card read, "Florence D. White," and the woman naturally inferred that Florence was of her own sex. Therefore she asked the visitor to come up. And as she was not dressed to receive one of the other sex, the climax was embarrassing.

A visitor from Columbus was telling a story of Ireland, the clever cartoonist of the Columbus Dispatch. Ireland's work is known to every man, woman and child in Columbus, and to a great many outside that city.

Last spring Ireland went on a vacation trip to the South. A few days later a teacher of geography in one of the schools of Columbus said to her class: "Can any little girl tell me where Ireland is?"

A little hand went up and a little voice replied: "He's down in Florida."

Unless a man has scored at least one failure he is unable to appreciate success.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Ball Blue. At all good grocers. Adv.

One thing funnier than hearing a woman whistle is to see her try.

## Backache Is a Warning

Nature always gives fair warning when anything is going wrong inside the body. When warned of kidney weakness by an aching back or disordered digestion, give the kidneys prompt help and avoid more serious troubles.

Kidney trouble is a dangerous thing, because the kidneys are the filter of the body. When they fail, the blood is impure, and the system breaks down. Don't's Kidney Pills are a most reliable kidney remedy. Don't's are used successfully all over the world and are highly recommended by thousands of grateful people. A Michigan Case.

Mrs. J. L. Benham, 464 Washington St., Auburn, Mich., says: "I spent nearly five hundred dollars trying to find a cure from kidney complaint, but to no avail. I was in the hospital for five weeks. The pain in the small of my back was awful and I had headaches, dizzy spells and urinary troubles. Don't's Kidney Pills permanently cured me and I can't praise them too much."

Get Don't's at Any Store, 50c a Box  
DON'T'S KIDNEY PILLS  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## Every Woman Can Use

and ought to use occasionally, a proper remedy for the headache, backache, languor, nervousness and depression to which she may be subject. These troubles and others are symptoms of debility and poor circulation caused by indigestion or constipation.

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

are at once safe, certain and convenient. They clear the system and purify the blood. They exert a general tonic effect and insure good health and strength, so that all the bodily organs do their natural work without causing suffering. Every woman of the thousands who have tried them, knows that Beecham's Pills act

## To Certain Advantage

Directions with Every Box of Special Value to Women.  
Sold everywhere. 1s, 2s, 10s, 25s.

## DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask Your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE.  
NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., LTD., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## What is Castoria

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea. The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of J. C. F. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that will endanger the health of Infants and Children. Experience against Experiment. Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of J. C. F. Fletcher.

## ABSORBINE

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphatic, Puff Swellings, Boils, Swellings, Stings, Lameness and all Ailments of the Feet. Brains, Feet, Ankles, etc. It is an ARTIFICIAL and GERMICIDE.

Does not blister or remove the hair and does not work. Pleasant to use. \$2.00 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instruction and Book & K. Free. ABSORBINE, JR., is a most reliable remedy for all skin diseases. It is used successfully all over the world and is highly recommended by thousands of grateful people. A Michigan Case.

READERS of this paper desiring to receive a copy of the book "The Art of Living" should send their name and address to the publisher, who will send them a copy of the book free of charge. The book is a most valuable work and is highly recommended by thousands of grateful people. A Michigan Case.

## HUMOR WORSE THAN WASTED

Probably in the Future Madge Lanning Will Be Wary of Joking With German Newspaper Men.

Miss Madge Lanning, who is now appearing in the Blue Mouse, has been playing in Berlin for some time, remarks Pearson's Weekly.

She was telling us the other day that soon after she went to Germany she was interviewed by the representative of a Berlin newspaper.

The interviewer complimented her on being able to speak her lines in the piece without a trace of a foreign accent.

"Oh," replied Miss Lanning frivolously, "I play in two languages—German, French, American, English and Irish."

Poor Miss Lanning expected at least a smile at her little joke, but the interviewer wrote it down quite seriously, and in due course the statement appeared in print.

Almost immediately another newspaper chided her, solemnly informing her that American, English and Irish were practically one and the same language. "Miss Lanning," it pointed out, "should know better than to make a mistake like this!"

## ERUPTION OVER CHILD'S BODY

Route No. 2, Box 67, Little Falls, Minn.—"Our little boy was taken sick with a fever and after the fever he broke out with a sore eruption all over his body. We could get nothing to help him. The sores were large and red and bleeding. They started with blisters as if he were burned and when they broke they would bleed and they itched so that he could not sleep for some time. We had him all tied up with bandages and then we had to soak them off every day."

"We bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment, which soon gave him relief. Now he is as well as can be for in three weeks he was all healed by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) George Walters, Jan. 23, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Properly Resented Insultation. It was his first pair of long trousers, and he felt very pleased with himself as he swaggered boldly into the local shoe emporium.

"I want a brand-new pair of shoes," he announced, as a smart young man came to attend him.

"A pair of kids, I suppose?" asked the ever-obliging salesman, referring to the quality of the leather.

The youngster turned his nose up coldly, swelled his chest to its full proportions, and, fixing a stony stare on the young shopman, replied, indignantly:

"A pair of kids, indeed! A pair of small men, thank you!"

English Strawberries. Strawberries have been known in England from the earliest times, but are quite a modern variety. Until the nineteenth century none but wild berries were obtainable, and even the "good strawberries" which according to Shakespeare, grew in the Bishop of Ely's Holborn garden, can have been only transplanted "wildings." In the eighteenth century an improved variety was cultivated, known as the "Hautboy," which greatly pleased the taste of Doctor Johnson; but the modern berry comes from a cross with a Chilean variety introduced only a century ago.

Certainly. "Do you think it is unhealthy for a man to keep his mouth open while he is asleep?"

"No, but it is annoying to those with whom he comes in contact for him to keep it open while he is awake."

His Opportunity. "It is said that the old-fashioned bustle is again coming back."

"Then the man who used to hide behind his wife's skirts will have another lining."

The Collector. Mother (showing the new baby)—Isn't that a nice little brother to come by parcel post, Eddie?

Seven-Year-Old—Oh, mommy, did you save the stamps?—Puck.

His Preference. "Dearest, I would die for you."

"I know you would, my Mabel, but I like your hair better as it is."

## BELGIAN ROYAL FAMILY MOVES OUT OF BRUSSELS

Advance of German Soldiers is Steady and Capital is Changed

## FIGHT RAGES ALONG BATTLE LINE TO SWISS BORDER

Japan Issues Ultimatum to Kaiser That Will Mean War if German Ships Are Not Withdrawn From East.

London—Germany's army of 1,500,000 men began three distinct advance movements against the allied forces in Belgium Monday and one of them—in the north—a move to capture Brussels—was so near success that the Belgian government and the royal family moved from the capital to Antwerp.

The other two moves were from points on the Meuse river south of Liege; one from Huy being also aimed at Brussels and the other, at Dinant, having for its object the cutting in two of the French army, isolating the French forces in the north and blocking the way to Paris.

The news that the Belgian government officials, accompanied by the French and Russian ministers, had moved to Antwerp came after dispatches telling of the Germans being within 15 miles of Brussels where large bodies of cavalry of the two armies were engaged in serious encounters.

In the move by way of Huy the Germans had evidently succeeded in crossing the Meuse in large numbers. The dispatch said they were advancing rapidly towards Brussels by way of Jodoigne, which is 25 miles from Huy and directly on the road to Brussels, about 30 miles from Jodoigne.

So far as the dispatches indicated no opposition was being made to the advance from Huy. It is believed here, however, that this move of the invaders is being fought by the allies and in some quarters it is believed that the lack of news from this quarter indicates that the world's greatest battle, which has been expected for days, is now on.

The third move of the Germans was a continuation of the fighting at Dinant. The dispatches said it was believed that Monday's move against Dinant was an effort to cut the French army in two.

In addition to the fighting at these three points the dispatches coming into London indicated that the Germans were flinging their troops into action all along the 250-mile battle line from northern Belgium to the Swiss border.

Paris dispatches told of serious fighting in Alsace where it was said the French had won several victories and taken several towns and strong positions.

From Belgium, however, the reports of victories over the Germans were few.

All in all, the indications were that the Germans were gaining ground, but late Monday afternoon reports said their advance had been "stopped" by the Belgian outposts after several serious encounters.

## Austrians Lose Naval Battle.

London—The Austrian battleship Zrinyi and three other ships whose names have not been ascertained were sunk by the French fleet in the Adriatic in the naval battle of last Sunday morning.

The battle began at Budua, Austria, at 9 o'clock in the morning. It was a running fight, lasting over an hour. A fifth Austrian ship is said to have fled toward Cattaro on the Austrian coast.

According to the British official news bureau, "the French fleet in the Mediterranean has made a sweep of the Adriatic sea as far as Cattaro."

This statement also records the fact that a small Austrian cruiser of the Aspern type of 2,368 tons was fired on by the French vessels and sunk.

## Japan Sends Ultimatum.

Tokio—The Japanese government sent an ultimatum to Germany Sunday night demanding that German warships in the far east be withdrawn or dismantled, and that the German-leased colony of Kiau-Chau be surrendered.

The ultimatum expires next Sunday, giving Germany just one week in which to send her reply to the Tokyo government. If Germany within this week of grace does not accede to the Japanese demands, the Japanese government will take such steps as it sees fit.

## BRIEF NOTES OF WAR

Paris—The allied governments opposed to Germany and Austria-Hungary have agreed to bring Turkey to a realization of its obligations as a neutral power in connection with her purchase from Germany of the cruisers Goeben and Breslau.

London—A dispatch to the Central News from Rome says that according to reliable information from St. Petersburg Russia has mobilized 2,000,000 more are held in reserve.

St. Petersburg—The Grand Duke Constantin Constantinovich has given the famous imperial palace in St. Petersburg as a hospital. He has also endowed a field hospital with 50 beds.

The Grand duchesses Marie and Helene have volunteered as hospital nurses. It is stated that Grand Duke Nicholas Michaelovich soon will join the active army, and it is believed that most of the male members of the imperial family will follow his example.

## EIGHTY MONARCHS ALLIED IN WAR



The king of England (right) and the czar of Russia, photographed together at one of their recent meetings.

The fact that the Japanese fleet left Japan some days ago for an unannounced destination and that a considerable body of Japanese troops, estimated at 50,000, have been on transports awaiting an order to sail for a similar length of time, indicates that Japan is prepared to use such force as may be necessary to enforce her demands.

In its ultimatum, as the terms of that instrument are described by the usually well informed newspaper, Jiji Shimpo, the Japanese government demands that Kiau-Chau be turned over to Japan pending its return to China under the terms of the 99-year lease under which it came into German control in 1897. It also demands that German warships in far eastern waters be disarmed and that Germany withdraw all her warships from the China sea.

## Will Uphold China's Integrity.

The sending of the ultimatum to Germany was announced Sunday. At the same time Takaaki Kato, Japanese minister of foreign affairs, after a conference with George W. Guthrie, the American ambassador at Tokio, issued a statement which was intended to allay any apprehensions on the part of the United States government and people regarding Japan's intentions.

The statement in broad terms assured the United States that American interests in the far east would be safeguarded by Japan and that Japan would uphold the integrity of China.

## Woman Tried and Shot.

Geneva—Mme. Favre Schwartz, of Basel, a young and beautiful Swiss lady, married to one of the richest men in Alsace-Lorraine, was shot after a court-martial. She was accused of attempting to blow up an important tunnel on the railway line near Leopoldshall.

Mme. Schwartz made no secret of her intense French sympathies. Having been found guilty and sentenced to death she shouted "Vive la France," and she died with this cry upon her lips.

She was well known in the best cosmopolitan society not only of Basel but of Berlin.

## Government Does Not Approve Loans.

Washington—The United States government announced itself Saturday as opposed to the floating of loans in this country for the benefit of any of the belligerent powers of Europe.

Switzerland, a neutral country, inquired through her charge d'affaires if she might float a loan in the United States and was informed that the restriction would not apply to neutral countries.

J. P. Morgan & Co. was approached by a group of private bankers who wished to know if a loan over should be desired by the French government, whether it could be floated in the United States. The Morgan firm announced that regardless of its legal right to engage in private commercial transactions at its own risk, it would take no action which the state department might disapprove.

Inquiry was made of Secretary Bryan several days ago by the bankers as to what the attitude of the American government would be. Saturday the Swiss charge d'affaires also presented an inquiry.

To cover both inquiries, the following pronouncement of policy was issued by Secretary Bryan at the direction of President Wilson: "Inquiry having been made as to the attitude of this government in case American bankers are asked to make loans to foreign governments during the war in Europe, the following announcement is made: 'There is no reason why loans should not be made to the governments of neutral nations, but in the

Judgment of this government loans by American bankers to any foreign nation which is at war is inconsistent with the true spirit of neutrality.'

## Is a Step Forward.

This principle represents an advanced attitude on the part of the United States on a much mooted question. Hitherto loans have been floated in the United States as well as other neutral countries for the benefit of belligerents. During the Russo-Japanese war loans for Japan were floated in this country and in Europe while Russia obtained money from different countries in Europe.

International authorities have been agreed that while the loaning of money is forbidden to any neutral government her subjects might engage in the practice of involving the responsibility of their government. Many writers, however, have argued that by furnishing the wherewithal to continue a war, the loaning of money was inconsistent with a true spirit of neutrality and Washington government has decided to adopt this view.

## Investigation Under Way.

Washington—The movement of the Federal government to investigate increases in food prices with a view to possibly criminal prosecution is under full headway. Attorney-General McReynolds has sent to every United States district attorney this circular:

"The department, by its special agents in various parts of the country, has instituted an investigation into the marked increases in the prices of foodstuffs since the outbreak of the European war with a view of ascertaining whether the increases are due to any combination or combinations in restraint of trade or other unlawful actions. Please co-operate by communication to the department information which you can obtain on the subject together with your opinion in respect of the appropriate action to be taken."

## BRIEF NOTES OF GREAT WAR

Paris—Ambassador Herrick has personally guaranteed the expenses of the full accommodations of the French line steamships Rochambeau and Espagne, for the carrying home of stranded Americans.

London—A dispatch to the Daily News from Rotterdam says that the Holland-American steamship line has placed its large premises in the Hook of Holland at the disposal of the Dutch Red Cross, with special view of the need in event of a naval battle in the North Sea.

Honolulu—One of the results of the European war that is being felt here is a growing shortage of coal. Hawaii is entirely dependent upon shipping for her fuel supply and practically all of the coal brought here for commercial purposes has been carried in foreign bottoms.

Brussels—Reports that General von Emmelh, the German commander who failed in the first attempt to take Liege by storm, is dead, are widely circulated here. The war office says that these reports were brought in by wounded German prisoners and that they are unconfirmed.

London—The American embassy here Friday established the ruling that all German-Americans residing in the British Isles who apply for American passports must prove their naturalization as American citizens or register with the police as German subjects. This ruling is in accordance with a regulation issued by the police.

Paris—The war has stopped the sale of absinthe in Paris. The prohibition societies for years have fought the sale of absinthe in vain.

Paris—The Dutch government Friday officially gave the French government renewed assurance of its neutrality in the present conflict and of its firm intention to make it respected. The Dutch army, it was pointed out, is well trained and well officered and would strongly resist any attempt to enter its territory.

Paris—The duke of Orleans has returned to Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria the collar of the Order of the Golden Fleece, which was conferred on the French pretender in 1870, when he married the Archduchess Marie of Austria.

Brussels—The Italian reservists throughout Belgium have been ordered to report to the Italian consular representatives to be sent back to Italy for mobilization. This action is in accordance with Italy's mobilization of her army to preserve her declared neutrality.

Man's Drink—  
Woman's Drink—  
Everybody's Drink

Vigorously good—and keenly delicious. Thirst-quenching and refreshing.

The national beverage—and yours.

Demand the genuine by full name—  
Nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY  
Atlanta, Ga.

Wherever you see an Arrow that is Coca-Cola.

WINCHESTER  
"Repeater" Smokeless Shells.

If you want a good low-priced Smokeless powder "load," Winchester Factory Loaded "Repeater" Shells will surely suit you. They are loaded with the standard brands of powder and shot, good wadding and with that same care and precision which have made the Winchester "Leader" the most popular and satisfactory high-grade shell upon the market. Some shooters insist that Winchester "Repeaters" are better than other makers' highest grade shells. A trial will tell the tale. Don't forget the name: Winchester "Repeater."

THE YELLOW SHELL WITH THE CORRUGATED HEAD.

Grievance of Suffragism. One of the grievances of suffragists is the inferior position occupied by women as parents. A couple of days ago a woman, whose husband had, so far as she knew, gone down in the Empress of Ireland, applied to the Wilkesden magistrates for a vaccination exemption for her infant son. She was informed from the bench that the exemption order could not be granted until the father's death was legally proved, as "the law did not recognize her as the parent of the child." If the law does not enable a woman to rank as the parent of her children it must be a "hass" of the most asinine type.—London Globe.

Kind Editors. Needless to say, the night was cold. Br!! "We have used up the last stick of wood in the house," said the young artist to the brooding poet as they sat beside the embers of a fire. "What shall we do? Must I sacrifice my latest canvas?" "Hold!" said the poet. "I shall bring my rejection slips."

And they kept the fire going all night.

Poor Creature. An egotistical man who believes himself the center, the object and the cause of everything that takes place, said to his friend one day: "It is only to me that such misfortunes happen."

"What," asked the friend, "is the matter?" "Don't you see that it is raining?" he answered.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

DISAPPEARED. Coffee Ails Vanish Before Postum.

It seems almost too good to be true, the way headache, nervousness, insomnia, and many other obscure troubles vanish when coffee is dismissed and Postum used as the regular table beverage.

The reason is clear. Coffee contains a poisonous drug—caffeine—which causes the trouble, but Postum contains only the food elements in choice hard wheat with a little molasses.

A Phila. man grew enthusiastic and wrote as follows: "Until 18 months ago I used coffee regularly every day and suffered from headache, bitter taste in my mouth, and indigestion; was gloomy and irritable, had variable or absent appetite, loss of flesh, depressed in spirits, etc."

"I attribute these things to coffee, because since I quit it and have drunk Postum I feel better than I had for 20 years, am less susceptible to cold, have gained 20 lbs. and the symptoms have disappeared—vanished before Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms. Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—Is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 10c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum. —sold by Grocers.

Throw away the washboard. Use RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHTHA SOAP. Save your back—save your temper—save your clothes—make washday play-day. "Carbo" kills germs. "Naphtha" cleans. Watch results.

RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHTHA SOAP is harmless to the finest fabric and makes your wash easy and sanitary. It does not need hot water.

Carbo Disinfects RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHTHA SOAP. Naphtha Cleans RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHTHA SOAP. Five Cents—All Grocers. The Rub-No-More Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

DEVELOPING. ANY ROLL 10¢. BLACK'S. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.



## POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

GOOD MAN  
FOR SENATOR

**Angus W. McDonell**  
Stands for Square  
Deal to All

The voters of the 25th Senatorial District will make no mistake when they enter the booth on primary election day, Aug. 25th, and make a cross for the name of Angus W. McDonell. He is one of Arenac county's progressive farmers, a man of experience in business and the lumbering industry as well. A man of ability and integrity, who is deeply interested in the welfare of this district and especially its leading industry—farming. If nominated and elected he will make a Senator of whom the district may be proud—a man of strong convictions and the courage to fight for what he believes to be right and just. We need such men in our State Senate and if YOU, Mr. Voter, will remember this when you vote on primary day, we may get such men. He is asking for republican nomination, and every man who votes the republican column on primary day should make a cross in the square before the name of Angus W. McDonell.—From Omer Progress. Adv.



## For Sheriff

To the Electors of Crawford County:  
I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for county sheriff at the primary election August 25, 1914. Your support will be appreciated. adv.  
**ERNEST P. RICHARDSON**

## THEODORE ODELL

Candidate for nomination for  
**SHERIFF**  
Democratic Primaries,  
Aug. 25th.

A tax payer and an old time resident of Crawford County, respectfully solicits your support at the polls and also your influence among your friends.

## Louis L. Kelley

Candidate for Senator, 28th District, for second term.  
I stand for an honest, economical administration of state affairs.  
A careful study of every measure presented and a conscientious vote thereon.  
Strict attention to business.  
An honest representation of the interests of the people.  
I refer you to my record in the legislature, both in the House and in the Senate.

To the Electors of  
Crawford County:

I announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for sheriff of said county at the PRIMARY election, Aug. 25, 1914. I am at present time DEPUTY SHERIFF and was elected constable at the last spring election.

Your support will be highly appreciated.  
Adv. WM. A. CODY.

## Leonard Isenbauer

Candidate  
for Sheriff on the  
Republican Ticket.  
Your vote and influence will be appreciated at the August primaries.

JOHN HANNA  
Republican  
Candidate for Sheriff

I have resided in Crawford county for 33 years—this is my home—my pride, and in its welfare I am deeply concerned, just as any enterprising citizen should be. Being satisfied that conditions within the authority of county sheriff, may be greatly improved and likewise greater economy brought to the tax payers, I have decided to become a candidate for this office, and thus put into actual operation the reforms that are needed in Crawford county.

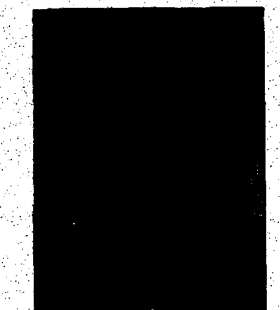
I have been supervisor of Beaver Creek township 13 years, and know well the financial conditions of the county. During six months of the year of 1913 the justice fees in this county amounted to about \$700.00. This is paying out too much money for the criminal expense of the county, and the only way to reduce this is to reduce crime by working prisoners sent here for petty offences, and thus instead of making jail a pleasant place to stay, with nothing to do and good things to eat, imprisonment will become a hardship. Sentences have been suspended upon about thirty, and in fact in many instances warrants should not have been served, thus another big saving.

It does not require a prize-fighter to fill the office of sheriff, but instead a man of good judgment and common sense, and ambition to carry out the duties in the best interests of the people, and with justice to those who help pay our taxes.

I am for good roads, churches and schools. Should I be nominated and elected sheriff of this county, I will see that the laws are obeyed and that every citizen have equal rights. I believe that all prisoners should be put to work on the public streets and highways, and thus reduce crime and also be a great saving to the tax payers.

I seek the nomination for sheriff upon the above platform and respectfully request your vote and personal support.

Yours Truly,  
JOHN HANNA.  
Adv.



To the Electors of  
Crawford County:

I wish to announce that I am a republican candidate for the office of sheriff at the primaries, Aug. 25, 1914. I have lived here for seven years. I am a tax payer. I am deputy sheriff now, under Mr. Benedict four years and have considerable experience in conducting the business of the sheriff's office. I am also city marshal and my record as an officer is open for your inspection. If I am nominated and elected I can fulfill the duties of the office to the entire satisfaction of the people. I should have the support of the fair minded voters of this county.  
adv. MICHAEL BRENNER.

## For Sheriff

I hereby present myself a candidate for the republican nomination of sheriff of Crawford county at the primaries of Aug. 25. I have been a resident and taxpayer of Crawford county for 8 years, during 4 years of which I have acted as Deputy Sheriff. If I am nominated and elected I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability. Your support will be appreciated.  
adv. EZRA W. HAINES,  
Deputy Sheriff of Crawford Co.

## Newton B. Goodar

Democratic  
Candidate for  
Sheriff  
Primaries, August  
25th, 1914

Harry H. Whiteley  
Candidate  
for the Republican  
Nomination for  
Representative

Reasons Why He  
SHOULD RECEIVE  
YOUR VOTE

BECAUSE he is a young man of 32, living in the present for the future, and will give this district active representation, not passive.  
BECAUSE two-thirds of the newspapers in the district endorse him.  
BECAUSE he is able to hold his own on the speaking platform.  
BECAUSE he has been successful in his own business, assuring his competency to handle the people's business.  
BECAUSE his wide acquaintance with influential men will insure to the benefit of the district.  
BECAUSE he is fearless, takes a position and stands by it; will not sidestep an issue.  
BECAUSE he is a man of principle and judgment, earns his living by his own hands and feels the people's needs, as he is one of them.

## George E. Ellis

FOR GOVERNOR  
REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES

Serving fifth term as Mayor of Grand Rapids.

On April 6th of this year Mr. Ellis received the most votes ever given any candidate for mayor of his home city.

Has been the best Mayor Grand Rapids has ever had, and would make the best Governor of Michigan that we have ever had.

VOTE FOR HIM NEXT TUESDAY  
AUGUST 25, 1914.

## AN OPEN LETTER



Gentlemen:—As next Tuesday is the day set for the Primaries, I begin to realize it will be impossible for me to see each of you personally, and I therefore take this means of addressing a few words to you regarding my candidacy for the State Legislature. Those opposing me have seen fit to circulate in public print and otherwise certain defamatory statements and will likely continue up to the last moment, which I am satisfied will only act as so many boomerangs to fall back upon their own pates. Not by word or action have I said aught of my opponent, as I do not consider it the part of a man to resort to anything of the kind. If it is a crime to have gray hair then I stand convicted with many of my fellow citizens throughout the district, but I assure you my years have not impaired my regard for honor and true manhood. There I stand and will continue to stand regardless of the fact as to whether I will be nominated next Tuesday or otherwise. I am not seeking the nomination of Representative for the mere honor or glory, or for any personal reason whatever, but from a high sense of pure patriotism that I may serve you at Lansing and aid in conserving the best interests of the State at large.

As a member of the last Constitutional Convention I am conversant with a majority of the laws now on our statute books and will perhaps know the needs of the people as well as many of my compeers. Therefore, as your Representative at Lansing it will be my pleasure to work with untiring zeal for the good of the entire district of Presque Isle, regardless of locality. From every part of the district I am receiving assurances of support, and will take it as a great personal favor if you will mark your ballot in my favor at the primary election to be held next Tuesday, 25th inst. Thanking you in advance, I am  
MERRITT CHANDLER.

Candidate for the nomination of Representative on the Republican ticket.

## ALWAYS DEMAND

## CONNOR'S WORLD'S BEST ICE CREAM

Made under modern and sanitary conditions. Healthful and refreshing

Sold exclusively by O. Sorenson & Son

MAKE YOUR WANTS KNOWN THROUGH THE AVALANCHE READERS

WILL SHELL HUTS  
AT GRAYLING CAMP

Continued from first page.

to rent cottages at a high rate, keep them in tents at the resorts or in tents at camp. There are disadvantages attaching to all.

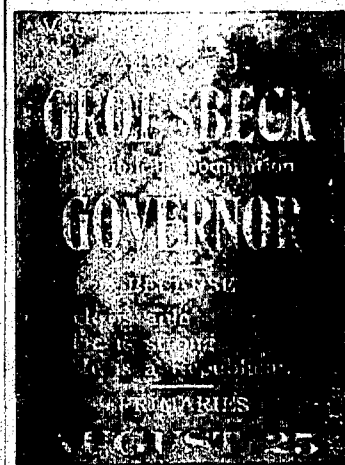
Sooner or later a clubhouse for officers or for officers and men will be erected on the reservation. There is some talk of using the present mess hall for a clubhouse for both officers and men next year, and of having the officers "chip in" toward a bungalow for their own exclusive use. It has also been suggested that permanent shacks be erected at cost for officers who desire them on reservation, the officers to surrender title when they leave the service.

The regulars, under Lieutenant Laing, gave an extended order drill for the benefit of the regiment. They did snappy work. No audible commands were permitted, every order being transmitted by signal.

The soldiers have made a large raft and are now able to cross the lake at the foot of the encampment grounds and in this way have a nearer route to Grayling. The raft will carry 100 men.



**Gilbert A. Currie**  
Candidate for the Republican  
Nomination for  
Congress, Tenth Dist.

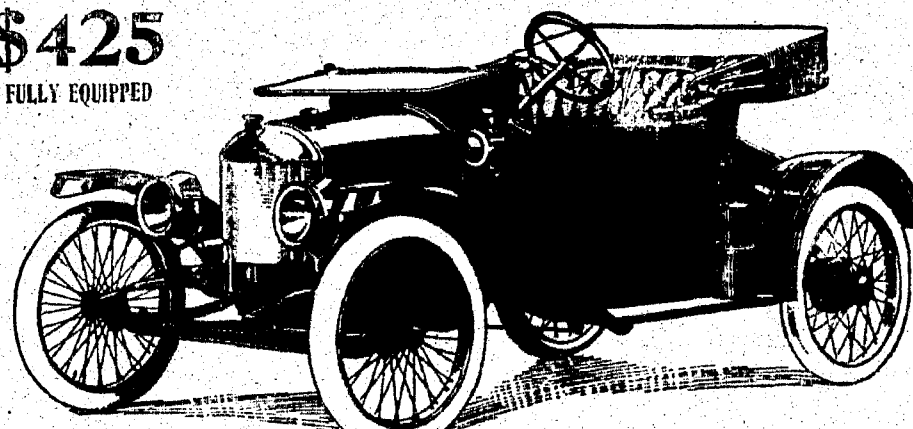


## Not So Strange After All.

You may think it strange that so many people are cured of stomach trouble by Chamberlain's Tablets. You would not, however, if you should give them a trial. They strengthen and invigorate the stomach and enable it to perform the functions naturally. Mrs. Rosie Rish, Wabash, Ind., writes: "Nothing did me the least good until I began using Chamberlain's Tablets. It is decidedly the best medicine for stomach trouble I have ever used." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

GRANT Keeping Our Promises  
Old Price of \$495 Reduced

\$425  
FULLY EQUIPPED



The New Price Explained  
Following a well defined policy, outlined at the beginning of our organization, Grant Motor Company promised to reduce the list price of the Grant Roadster to the limit just as soon as quantity production would minimize the cost of materials.

That Time Is Now  
We have manufactured and shipped thousands of Grant cars to every section of the United States and Canada. Grant representation exists in every country in the world.  
With our improved factory and thorough, rigid, economical manufacturing methods, we have arrived at a production cost where we can sell the Grant car at \$425, and still maintain the high standard of quality and equipment.

Think of it—\$425.  
A complete car, supplied with every item of equipment, not a thing omitted, and yet is more so the point, a car that has made and is made in the hands of thousands of owners, is now at the merely nominal price of \$425.

Read These Specifications  
V-8 Motor, Sliding Gear Transmission, Cone Clutch, Bull Nosed Radiator, Floating Rear Axle, Wire Wheels, Full Fenders and Aprons 30 miles to gallon.

Grayling Machinery Repair Co.  
Phone 881  
Grayling, Mich.

Manistee & N. E. R. R.  
Time Card

In effect Sept. 25, 1914

Read Down.	Read Up.
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
6:00 12:25	12:25 6:45
6:54 3:02	3:02 7:19
8:21 3:28	3:28 7:46
9:29 4:00	4:00 8:13
11:13 4:35	4:35 8:39
5:18 4:50	4:50 9:06
5:25 5:18	5:18 9:13
5:35 5:25	5:25 9:20
5:42 5:35	5:35 9:27
6:12 5:42	5:42 9:34

A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
6:21 12:25	12:25 6:45
6:54 3:02	3:02 7:19
8:21 3:28	3:28 7:46
9:29 4:00	4:00 8:13
11:13 4:35	4:35 8:39
5:18 4:50	4:50 9:06
5:25 5:18	5:18 9:13
5:35 5:25	5:25 9:20
5:42 5:35	5:35 9:27
6:12 5:42	5:42 9:34

† Daily, except Sunday.

**How to Cure a Sprain.**  
A sprain may be cured in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and observing the directions with each bottle. For sale by all dealers. Adv.

**GLEN SMITH,**  
Attorney and Solicitor,  
GRAYLING, MICH.  
Phone 62.

**Drs. Insley & Keyport**  
Physicians & Surgeons  
Office over Lewis & Co's Drug Store,  
Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

**Bank of Grayling.**  
Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.  
MARIUS HANSON  
PROPRIETOR.  
Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accounts extended that are consistent with safe and conservative handling.  
MARIUS HANSON, Cashier

**C. A. Canfield, D.D.S.**  
**DENTIST**  
OFFICE:  
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.  
Office hours: 8.30-11 a. m. 1-3.30 p. m.

**O. Palmer**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW**  
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY  
Office in Avalance Building  
FIRE INSURANCE.

**ELMER BROTT**  
Contractor and Builder  
Estimates, designs and plans furnished reasonable. Special care given to alterations, repairs and additions. Twenty years' experience at all styles of work. Stair building a specialty. Phone 902.